


DMVT***P1400**

AIR HANDLERS INSTALLATION & OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

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DAIKIN COMFORT TECHNOLOGIES MANUFACTURING, L.P.
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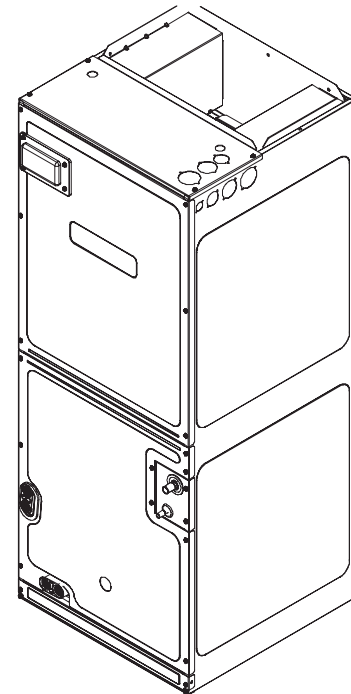
WARNING

ONLY PERSONNEL THAT HAVE BEEN TRAINED TO INSTALL, ADJUST, SERVICE, MAINTENANCE OR REPAIR (HEREINAFTER, "SERVICE") THE EQUIPMENT SPECIFIED THIS MANUAL SHOULD SERVICE THE EQUIPMENT.

THIS EQUIPMENT IS NOT INTENDED FOR USE BY PERSONS (INCLUDING CHILDREN) WITH REDUCED PHYSICAL, SENSORY OR MENTAL CAPACITIES, OR LACK OF EXPERIENCE AND KNOWLEDGE, UNLESS THEY HAVE BEEN GIVEN SUPERVISION OR INSTRUCTION CONCERNING USE OF THE APPLIANCE BY A PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR THEIR SAFETY.

CHILDREN SHOULD BE SUPERVISED TO ENSURE THAT THEY DO NOT PLAY WITH THE EQUIPMENT.

THE MANUFACTURER WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY INJURY OR PROPERTY DAMAGE ARISING FROM IMPROPER SUPERVISION, SERVICE OR SERVICE PROCEDURES. IF YOU SERVICE THIS UNIT, YOU ASSUME RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY INJURY OR PROPERTY DAMAGE WHICH MAY RESULT. IN ADDITION, IN JURISDICTIONS THAT REQUIRE ONE OR MORE LICENSES TO SERVICE THE EQUIPMENT SPECIFIED IN THIS MANUAL, ONLY LICENSED PERSONNEL SHOULD SERVICE THE EQUIPMENT. IMPROPER SUPERVISION, INSTALLATION, ADJUSTMENT, SERVICING, MAINTENANCE OR REPAIR OF THE EQUIPMENT SPECIFIED IN THIS MANUAL, OR ATTEMPTING TO INSTALL, ADJUST, SERVICE OR REPAIR THE EQUIPMENT SPECIFIED IN THIS MANUAL WITHOUT PROPER SUPERVISION OR TRAINING MAY RESULT IN PRODUCT DAMAGE, PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.





WARNING

DO NOT BYPASS SAFETY DEVICES.

 **RECOGNIZE SYMBOL THIS AS A SAFETY PRECAUTION**



NOTE: SPECIFICATIONS AND PERFORMANCE DATA LISTED HEREIN ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE



NOTICE: IF AN "Ec" error is encountered on startup, verify that the electric heater DIP switches have been set to the appropriate heater size. See pages 14-17 for the heater kit airflow delivery and DIP switch settings.



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 CAUTION
WHEN INSTALLING OR SERVICING THIS EQUIPMENT, SAFETY CLOTHING, INCLUDING HAND AND EYE PROTECTION, IS STRONGLY RECOMMENDED. IF INSTALLING IN AN AREA THAT HAS SPECIAL SAFETY REQUIREMENTS (HARD HATS, ETC.), OBSERVE THESE REQUIREMENTS.

 DANGER PELIGRO

CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING HAZARD
Special Warning for Installation of Furnace or Air Handling Units in Enclosed Areas such as Garages, Utility Rooms or Parking Areas
Carbon monoxide producing devices (such as an automobile, space heater, gas water heater, etc.) should not be operated in enclosed areas such as unventilated garages, utility rooms or parking areas because of the danger of carbon monoxide (CO) poisoning resulting from the exhaust emissions. If a furnace or air handler is installed in an enclosed area such as a garage, utility room or parking area and a carbon monoxide producing device is operated therein, there must be adequate, direct outside ventilation.
This ventilation is necessary to avoid the danger of CO poisoning which can occur if a carbon monoxide producing device continues to operate in the enclosed area. Carbon monoxide emissions can be (re)circulated throughout the structure if the furnace or air handler is operating in any mode.
CO can cause serious illness including permanent brain damage or death. B10259-216
RIESGO DE INTOXICACIÓN POR MONÓXIDO DE CARBONO
Advertencia especial para la instalación de calentadores ó manejadoras de aire en áreas cerradas como estacionamientos ó cuartos de servicio.
Los equipos ó aparatos que producen monóxido de carbono (tal como automóvil, calentador de gas, calentador de agua por medio de gas, etc) no deben ser operados en áreas cerradas debido al riesgo de envenenamiento por monóxido de carbono (CO) que resulta de las emisiones de gases de combustión. Si el equipo ó aparato se opera en dichas áreas, debe existir una adecuada ventilación directa al exterior. Esta ventilación es necesaria para evitar el peligro de envenenamiento por CO, que puede ocurrir si un dispositivo que produce monóxido de carbono sigue operando en el lugar cerrado. Las emisiones de monóxido de carbono pueden circular a través del aparato cuando se opera en cualquier modo.
El monóxido de carbono puede causar enfermedades severas como daño cerebral permanente ó muerte. B10259-216
RISQUE D'EMPOISONNEMENT AU MONOXYDE DE CARBONE
Avertissement special au sujet de l'installation d'appareils de chauffage ou de traitement d'air dans des endroits clos, tels les garages, les locaux d'entretien et les stationnements.
Évitez de mettre en marche les appareils produisant du monoxyde de carbone (tels que les automobile, les appareils de chauffage autonome, etc.) dans des endroits non ventilés tels que les d'empoisonnement au monoxyde de carbone. Si vous devez faire fonctionner ces appareils dans un endroit clos, assurez-vous qu'il y ait une ventilation directe provenant de l'exterieur.
Cette ventilation est nécessaire pour éviter le danger d'intoxication au CO pouvant survenir si un appareil produisant du monoxyde de carbone continue de fonctionner au sein de la zone confinée.
Les émissions de monoxyde de carbone peuvent être recirculées dans les endroits clos, si l'appareil de chauffage ou de traitement d'air sont en marche.
Le monoxyde de carbone peut causer des maladies graves telles que des dommages permanents au cerveau et même la mort. B10259-216

 WARNING
HIGH VOLTAGE DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH. 

 WARNING
TO PREVENT THE RISK OF PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY, OR DEATH, DO NOT STORE COMBUSTIBLE MATERIALS OR USE GASOLINE OR OTHER FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS OR VAPORS IN THE VICINITY OF THIS UNIT.

 WARNING
THIS PRODUCT IS FACTORY-SHIPED FOR USE WITH 208/240/1/60 ELECTRICAL POWER SUPPLY. DO NOT RECONFIGURE THIS AIR HANDLER TO OPERATE WITH ANY OTHER POWER SUPPLY.

 WARNING
TO AVOID PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH DUE TO ELECTRICAL SHOCK, THIS UNIT MUST HAVE AN UNINTERRUPTED, UNBROKEN ELECTRICAL GROUND. THE ELECTRICAL GROUND CIRCUIT MAY CONSIST OF AN APPROPRIATELY SIZED ELECTRICAL WIRE CONNECTING THE GROUND LUG IN THE UNIT CONTROL BOX TO THE BUILDING ELECTRICAL SERVICE PANEL. OTHER METHODS OF GROUNDING ARE PERMITTED IF PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NATIONAL ELECTRIC CODE (NEC) / AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARDS INSTITUTE (ANSI) / NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION (NFPA) 70 AND LOCAL/STATE CODES. IN CANADA, ELECTRICAL GROUNDING IS TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CANADIAN ELECTRIC CODE (CSA) C22.1.

1 Important Safety Instructions

The following symbols and labels are used throughout this manual to indicate immediate or potential safety hazards. It is the owner's and installer's responsibility to read and comply with all safety information and instructions accompanying these symbols. Failure to heed safety information increases the risk of personal injury, property damage, and/or product damage.

2 Shipping Inspection

Always transport the unit upright; laying the unit on its side or top during transit may cause equipment damage. The installer should inspect the product upon receipt for shipping damage and subsequent investigation is the responsibility of the carrier. The installer must verify the model number, specifications, electrical characteristics, and accessories are correct prior to installation. The distributor or manufacturer will not accept claims from dealers for transportation damage or installation of incorrectly shipped units.

2.1 PARTS

Inspect the unit to verify all required components are present and intact. Report any missing components immediately to the manufacturer or to the distributor. Use only factory authorized replacement parts (see Section 5). Make sure to include the full product model number and serial number when reporting and/or obtaining service parts.

2.2 HANDLING

Use caution when transporting / carrying the unit. Do not move unit using shipping straps. Do not carry unit with hooks or sharp objects. The preferred method of carrying the unit after arrival at the job site is to carry via a two-wheel hand truck from the back or sides or via hand by carrying at the cabinet corners.

2.3 SHIPPING MATERIAL REMOVAL

IMPORTANT: All Shipping Material used to protect the equipment, and the equipment's components, during transit should be removed before final installation.

3 Codes & Regulations

This product is designed and manufactured to comply with applicable national codes. Installation in accordance with such codes and / or prevailing local codes / regulations is the responsibility of the installer. The manufacturer assumes no responsibility for equipment installed in violation of any codes or regulations.

The United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has issued various regulations regarding the introduction and disposal of refrigerants. Failure to follow these regulations may harm the environment and can lead to the imposition of substantial fines.

Should you have any questions please contact the local office of the EPA and / or refer to EPA's website www.epa.gov.

4 Replacement Parts

When reporting shortages or damages, or ordering repair parts, give the complete product model and serial numbers as stamped on the product. Replacement parts for this product are available through your contractor or local distributor. For the location of your nearest distributor consult the white business pages, the yellow page section of the local telephone book or contact:

HOMEOWNER SUPPORT
DAIKIN COMFORT TECHNOLOGIES
MANUFACTURING, L.P.
19001 KERMIER ROAD
WALLER, TEXAS 77484
(855) 770-5678

5 Pre-Installation Considerations

5.1 PREPARATION

Keep this document with the unit. Carefully read all instructions for the installation prior to installing product. Make sure each step or procedure is understood and any special considerations are taken into account before starting installation. Assemble all tools, hardware and supplies needed to complete the installation. Some items may need to be purchased locally. Make sure everything needed to install the product is on hand before starting.

5.2 SYSTEM MATCHES

The entire system (combination of indoor and outdoor sections) must be manufacturer approved and Air-Conditioning, Heating, and Refrigeration Institute (AHRI) listed. **NOTE:** Installation of unmatched systems is not permitted.

5.3 INTERCONNECTING TUBING

Give special consideration to minimize the length of refrigerant tubing when installing air handlers. Refer to Remote Cooling / Heat Pump Service Manual RS6200006, and TP-107 Long Line Set Application R-410A for tubing guidelines. If possible, allow adequate length of tubing such that the coil may be removed (for inspection or cleaning services) from the cabinet without disconnecting the tubing.

5.4 CLEARANCES

The unit clearance from a combustible surface may be 0". However, service clearance must take precedence. A minimum of 24" in front of the unit for service clearance is required. Additional clearance on one side or top will be required for electrical wiring connections. Consult all appropriate regulatory codes prior to determining final clearances. When installing this unit in an area that may become wet (such as crawl spaces), elevate the unit with a sturdy, non-porous material. In installations that may lead to physical damage (i.e. a garage) it is advised to install a protective barrier to prevent such damage. Always install units such that a positive slope in condensate line (1/4" per foot) is allowed.

5.5 HORIZONTAL APPLICATIONS

If installed above a finished living space, a secondary drain pan (as required by many building codes), must be installed under the entire unit and its condensate drain line must be routed to a location such that the user will see the condensate discharge.

6 Installation Location

NOTE: These air handlers are designed for indoor installation only at a max altitude of 10,500 feet above sea level or a min altitude of -184 feet below sea level.

If the unit is located in an unconditioned area with high ambient temperature and/or high humidity, the air handler may be subject to nuisance sweating of the casing. On these installations, a wrap of 2" fiberglass insulation with a vapor barrier is recommended. A secondary drain pan below the unit is also recommended to protect the installation site.

This product line may be installed in one of the upflow, downflow, horizontal left or horizontal right orientations as shown in Figures 3, 4, 5 and 6. The unit may be installed in horizontal left orientation as shipped (refer to specific sections for more information).

6.1 UPFLOW AND DOWNFLOW INSTALLATION (FIGURE 3 & 4)

1. Remove blower access panel and coil access panel. The coil access panel and tubing panel may remain screwed together during this procedure. Remove and retain the seven (7) screws securing the coil access panel to the cabinet and the six (6) screws securing the blower access panel to the cabinet.
2. Slide the coil assembly out from the cabinet. Use the drain pan to pull the assembly from the cabinet. **IMPORTANT:** Do not use manifolds, copper lines, or the flowrator to pull the coil assembly out. Failure to do so may result in braze joint damage and leaks.
3. Removal of the center support is required on units with 21" wide cabinet. Remove and retain the two (2) screws that secure the center support to the cabinet. Remove the center support.
4. The horizontal drip shield, side drain pan, and drain pan extension must be removed. Follow the "Side Drain Pan and Extension Removal Instructions".
5. For Upflow Installation:
 - a. Using the drain pan to hold the coil assembly, slide the coil assembly back into the cabinet.
 - b. Reinstall the center support (if removed) using the two (2) screws removed in Step 3.

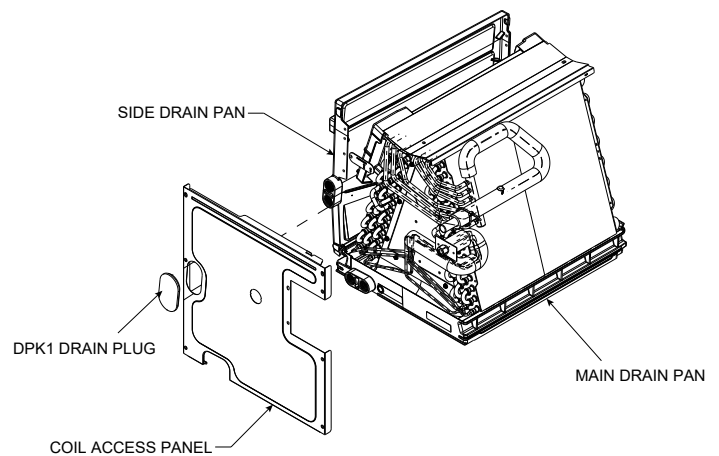
- c. Reinstall the coil access panels and reinstall blower access panel removed in Step 1 as shown in Figure 9.
6. For Downflow Installation:
 - a. Position the unit in the downflow position.
 - b. Using the drain pan to hold the coil assembly, slide the coil assembly back into the cabinet on the downflow brackets as shown in Figure 9.
 - c. Reinstall the center support (if removed) using the two (2) screws removed in Step 3.
 - d. Reinstall the coil access panels and reinstall blower access panel removed in Step 1 as shown in Figure 10.

SIDE DRAIN PAN AND EXTENSION REMOVAL INSTRUCTIONS

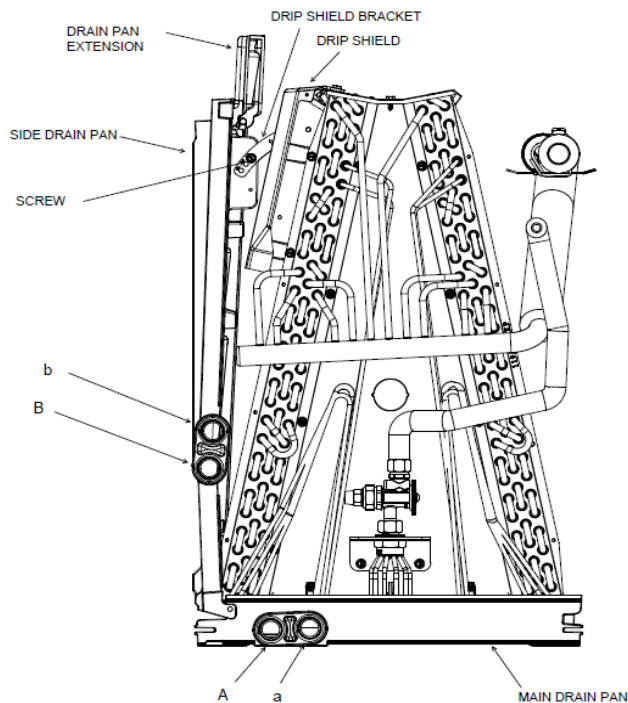
Refer to Figure 2, remove the two (2) screws that secure the drip shield support brackets to the condensate collectors (front and back). Unsnap the side drain pan from the bottom drain pan using a screwdriver or any small lever. The side drain pan, drip shield brackets and the drain pan extension may now be removed. From Figure 2, drain port labeled (A) is the primary drain for this application and condensate drain line must be attached to this drain port. Drain port (a) is for the secondary drain line (if used). When the side drain pan is removed, the drain port opening in the access panel must be covered by the accessory drain port plug (DPK1) as shown in Figure 1.

Drain Port Plug		
Kit Number	Description	Application
DPK1	Side Drain Port Plug	All Models

**DRAIN PORT PLUG KIT
TABLE 1**



**DRAIN PAN
FIGURE 1**



**SIDE DRAIN PAN REMOVAL
FIGURE 2**

6.2 HORIZONTAL LEFT INSTALLATION (FIGURE 5)

No field modifications are permissible for this application. Install unit as shown in Figure 5.

Drain port labeled (B) in Figure 2 is the primary drain for this application and condensate drain line must be attached to this drain port. Drain port (b) is for the secondary drain line (if used).

Remove red plugs from side drain pan before connecting condensate drain pipes. Use removed plug to close drain ports on vertical drain pan.

6.3 HORIZONTAL RIGHT INSTALLATION (FIGURE 6)

NOTE: For DMVT24BP1400 only: If installing a filter, an external filter must be used when installing the unit in Horizontal Right. A filter will not fit on the internal filter rails in these applications.**

1. Before inverting the air handler, remove blower access panel and coil access panel. The coil access panel and tubing panel may remain screwed together during this procedure. Remove and retain the seven (7) screws securing the coil access panel to the cabinet and the six (6) screws securing the blower access panel to the cabinet.
2. Slide the coil assembly out from the cabinet. Use the drain pan to pull the assembly from the cabinet.

NOTE: Do not use manifolds, copper lines, or the flowrator to pull the coil assembly out. Failure to do so may result in braze joint damage and leaks.

3. Removal of the center support is required on units with 21" wide cabinet. Remove and retain the two (2) screws that secure the center support to the cabinet. Remove the center support.
4. Position the unit in the downflow position.
5. Remove side drain pan extension if present.
6. Using the drain pan to hold the coil assembly, slide the coil assembly back into the cabinet on the downflow brackets as shown in Figure 8.
7. Reinstall the center support (if removed) using the two (2) screws removed in Step 5.
8. Reinstall the coil access panels and reinstall blower access panel removed in Step 1 as shown in Figure 10.
9. Drain Connections for Horizontal Right Installation
 - a. Drain port labeled (B) in Figure 2 is the primary drain for this application and condensate drain line must be attached to this drain port. Drain port (b) is for the secondary drain line (if used).
 - b. Remove red plugs from side drain pan before connecting condensate drain pipes. Use removed plug to close drain ports on vertical drain pan.

NOTE: If removing only the coil access panel from the unit, the filter access panel must be removed first. Failure to do so will result in panel damage.

6.4 HUMID ENVIRONMENT INSTALLATIONS

NOTE: Each service kit mentioned in this instruction is available through your local distributor. The kits are not supplied with the air handler and must be used to assist with condensation management in humid environment applications. The individual installation instructions provided with each kit must be followed.

6.4.1 ALL INSTALLATIONS – HUMID ENVIRONMENTS

Installations in areas where the return air environment sees humidity levels above 65% relative humidity, a High Humidity Kit (HHK) must be used. See Table 2 for Model and Kit assignment.

HHK0004	HHK0005	HHK0006	HHK0007	HHK0008
DMVT24B	DMVT36C	DMVT48C	DMVT48D	DMVT48B
DMVT30B	DMVT42C			
DMVT36B	DMVT48C			

TABLE 2

6.4.1.2 DOWNFLOW INSTALLATIONS – HUMID ENVIRONMENTS

To prevent the coil pan “sweating”, the mandatory Downflow Kit (DFK) must also be used in addition to the High Humidity Kit (HHK). See Table 3 for the correct DFK for each model.

DFKE-02	DFKE-03
DMVT24B	DMVT48C
DMVT30B	DMVT48D
DMVT36B	DMVT60D
DMVT36C	
DMVT42C	

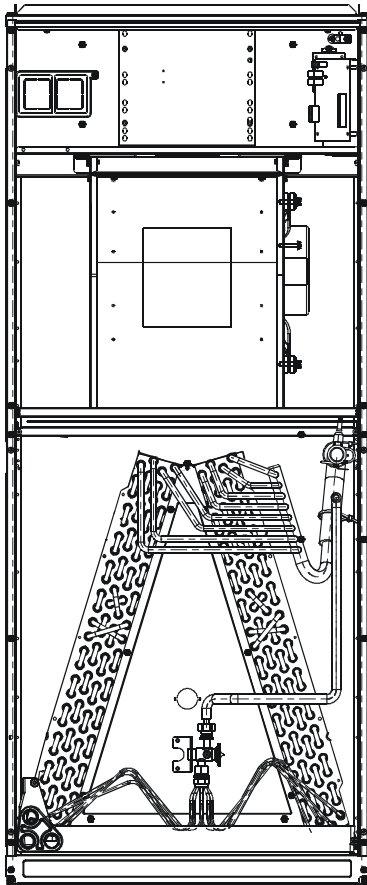
TABLE 3

6.4.1.3 HORIZONTAL INSTALLATIONS – HUMID ENVIRONMENTS

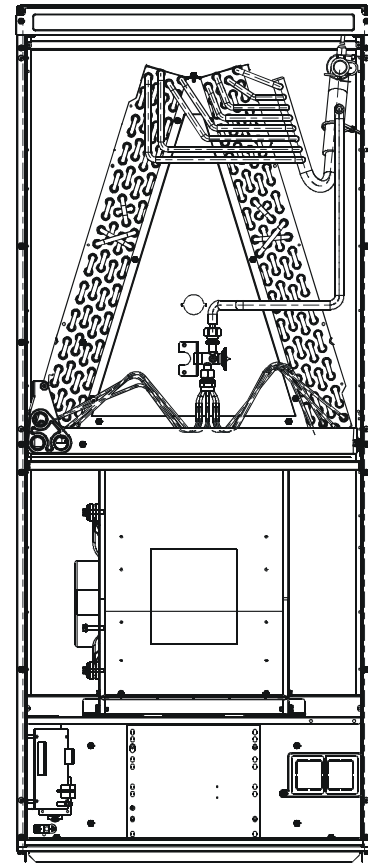
In addition to the High Humidity Kit (HHK), in applications where the air handler is installed in the horizontal position (Left or Right), and the return air environment sees humidity levels above 65% relative humidity, a Condensate Management Kit (CMK) must be used for field application. Applicable Kit and Model listing can be found in Table 4.

CMK0018	CMK0019	CMK0020
DMVT24B	DMVT30B	DMVT48C
DMVT36C	DMVT36B	DMVT48D
	DMVT42C	DMVT60D

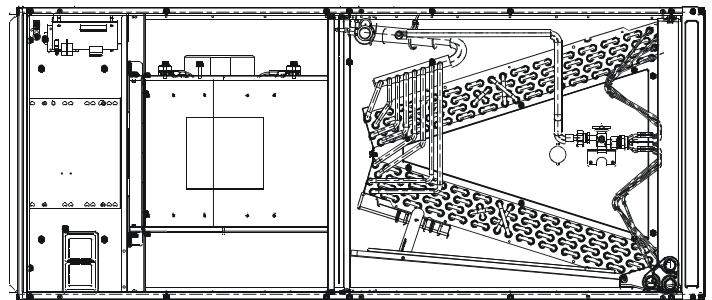
TABLE 4



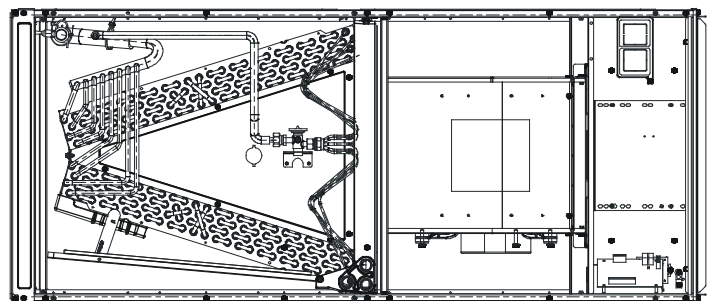
**UPFLOW
FIGURE 3**



**DOWNFLOW
FIGURE 4**



**HORIZONTAL LEFT
FIGURE 5**



**HORIZONTAL RIGHT
FIGURE 6**

7 Refrigerant Lines



WARNING

THIS PRODUCT IS FACTORY-SHIPED WITH R410A AND DRY NITROGEN MIXTURE GAS UNDER PRESSURE. USE APPROPRIATE SERVICE TOOLS AND FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS TO PREVENT INJURY.

NOTE: Refrigerant tubing must be routed to allow adequate access for servicing and maintenance of the unit. Do not install the air handler in a location that violates the instructions provided with the condenser. If the unit is located in an unconditioned area with high ambient temperature and/or high humidity, the air handler may be subject to nuisance sweating of the air handler cabinet. On these installations, a wrap of 2" fiberglass insulation with a vapor barrier is recommended.

7.1 TUBING SIZE

For the correct tubing size, follow the specification for the condenser/heat pump.

7.2 TUBING PREPARATION

All cut ends are to be round, burr free, and clean. Failure to follow this practice increases the chances for refrigerant leaks. The suction line is spun closed and requires tubing cutters to remove the closed end.

NOTE: To prevent possible damage to the tubing joints, do not handle coil assembly with manifold or flowrator tubes. Always use clean gloves when handling coil assemblies.

NOTE: The use of a heat shield is strongly recommended when brazing to avoid burning the serial plate or the finish of the unit. Heat trap or wet rags must be used to protect heat sensitive components such as service valves and TXV valves sensing bulb.



WARNING

A QUENCHING CLOTH IS STRONGLY RECOMMENDED TO PREVENT SCORCHING OR MARRING OF THE EQUIPMENT FINISH WHEN BRAZING CLOSE TO THE PAINTED SURFACES. USE BRAZING ALLOY OF 5% MINIMUM SILVER CONTENT.



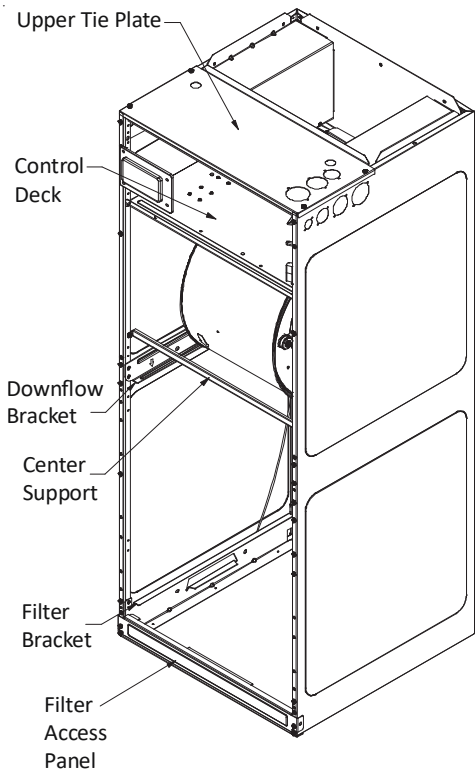
CAUTION

APPLYING TOO MUCH HEAT TO ANY TUBE CAN MELT THE TUBE. TORCH HEAT REQUIRED TO BRAZE TUBES OF VARIOUS SIZES MUST BE PROPORTIONAL TO THE SIZE OF THE TUBE. SERVICE PERSONNEL MUST USE THE APPROPRIATE HEAT LEVEL FOR THE SIZE OF THE TUBE BEING BRAZED.

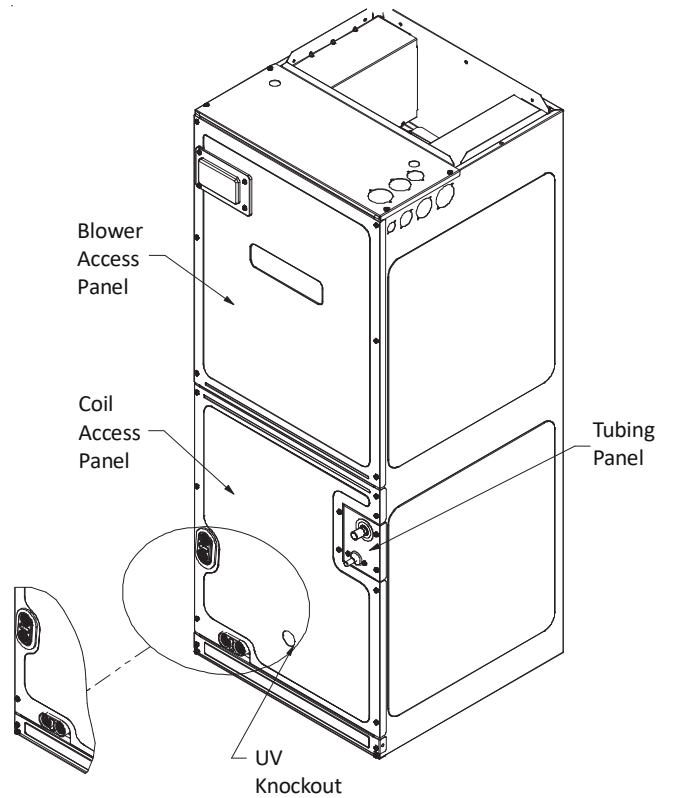
7.3 TUBING CONNECTIONS

An adjustable TXV with bulb is installed on the vapor tube from the factory.

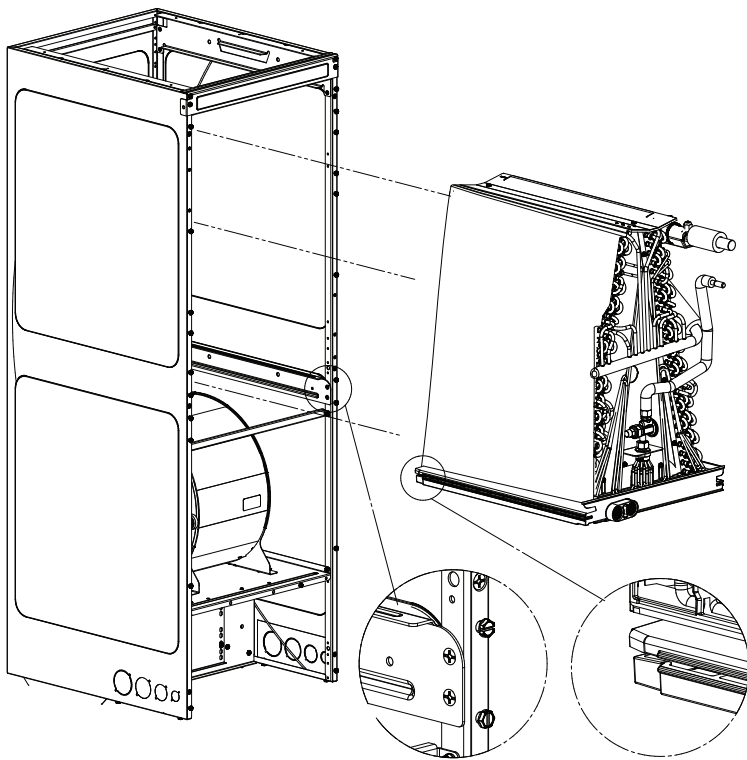
1. Remove refrigerant tubing panel or coil (lower) access panel.
2. Remove access valve fitting cap and depress the valve stem in access fitting to release pressure. No pressure indicates possible leak.
3. Replace the panel.
4. Remove the spin closure on both the liquid and suction tubes using a tubing cutter.
5. Insert liquid line set into liquid tube expansion and slide grommet about 18" away from braze joint.
6. Insert suction line set into suction tube expansion and slide insulation and grommet about 18" away from braze joint.
7. Braze joints. Quench all brazed joints with water or a wet rag upon completion of brazing.



**INTERNAL PART TERMINOLOGY
FIGURE 7**

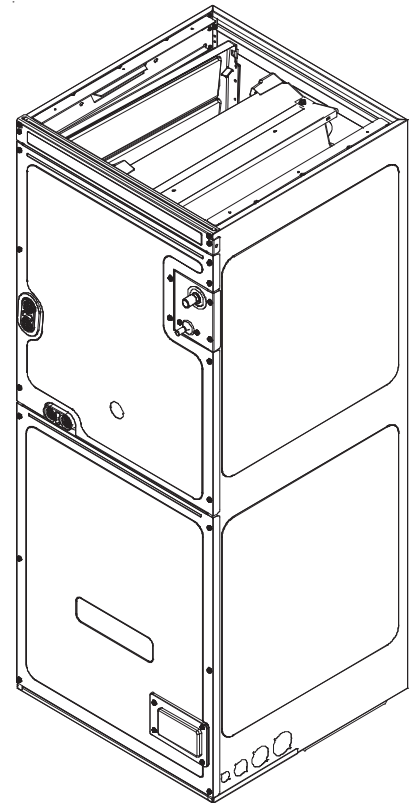


**EXTERNAL PART TERMINOLOGY
FIGURE 8**



**COIL INSTALLATION FOR DOWNFLOW
FIGURE 9**

IMPORTANT NOTE: Ensure coil slides on the rails along the groove provided on the drain pan side walls. Failure to do so will result in improper condensate drainage.



**ACCESS PANEL CONFIGURATION FOR DOWNFLOW OR
HORIZONTAL RIGHT
FIGURE 10**

7.4 THERMAL EXPANSION VALVE SYSTEM ADJUSTMENT

The following information for the indoor unit should be verified before attempting to charge system or adjust TXV if necessary.

1. Total static pressure is .5" WC or less.
2. Airflow is correct for installed unit.
3. Airflow tables are in the installation manual and Spec Sheet for Indoor Unit.
4. Complete airflow tables and charging information are in Service Manual RS6200006.
5. The outdoor temperature must be 60°F or higher.
6. Set the room thermostat to COOL, fan switch to AUTO.
7. Set the temperature control well below room temperature.

Superheat adjustments should not be made until indoor ambient conditions have stabilized. This could take up to **24 hours** depending on indoor temperature and humidity. Before checking superheat run the unit in cooling for 10 minutes or until refrigerant pressures stabilize. Use the following guidelines and methods to check unit operation and ensure that the refrigerant charge is within limits.

NOTE: Charge two stage units on low stage.

1. Purge gauge lines. Connect service gauge manifold to base-valve service ports.
2. Temporarily install a thermometer on the liquid line at the liquid line service valve and 4-6" from the compressor on the suction line. Ensure the thermometer makes adequate contact and is insulated for best possible readings. Use liquid line temperature to determine subcooling and vapor temperature to determine superheat.
3. Check subcooling and superheat. The system should have a subcooling of 8°F +/- 1°F and two-stage compressor systems should have a Subcooling of 6°F +/- 1°F. and superheat of 8°F +/- 1°F. If subcooling and superheat are low, adjust TXV to 8°F +/- 1°F superheat, then check subcooling.
 - a. If subcooling is low and superheat is high, add charge to raise subcooling to 8°F +/- 1°F. Two-stage compressor systems should have a Subcooling of 6°F +/- 1°F then check superheat.
 - b. If subcooling and superheat are high, adjust TXV valve to 8°F +/- 1°F superheat, then check subcooling.

Superheat Adjustments (Only if necessary)

1. Attach a pipe clamp thermometer near the suction line service valve at the outdoor unit.
 - a. Ensure the thermometer makes adequate contact for the best possible readings.
2. TXV-based systems should have a Superheat value of 8°F +/- 1°F.

3. Adjust Superheat by turning the TXV valve stem clockwise to **increase** and **counterclockwise** to **decrease**. Adjustments should be made opening or closing the valve by no more than ¼ turn at a time. Allow the system to stabilize 15 to 20 minutes before making additional adjustments if necessary.
4. After adjustments are complete replace cap on adjustment stem and tighten ¼ turn.
5. Remove gauges and check the Schrader ports for leaks and tighten valve cores if necessary. Install caps finger tight.

NOTE: In situations where the TXV must be removed and replaced or re-installed into the system, the TXV should be hand tightened first and then apply a half turn to fully set the TXV. No more than 20 ft-lb torque should be applied to the joints of the TXV.

SATURATED SUCTION PRESSURE TEMPERATURE CHART	
SUCTION PRESSURE	SATURATED SUCTION
PSIG	R-410A
50	1
52	3
54	4
56	6
58	7
60	8
62	10
64	11
66	13
68	14
70	15
72	16
74	17
76	19
78	20
80	21
85	24
90	26
95	29
100	31
110	36
120	41
130	45
140	49
150	53
160	56
170	60

TABLE 5

SUBCOOL FORMULA = SAT. LIQUID LINE TEMP. - LIQUID LINE TEMP.

SUPERHEAT FORMULA = SUCT. LINE TEMP. - SAT. SUCT. TEMP.

SATURATED LIQUID PRESSURE TEMPERATURE CHART	
LIQUID PRESSURE	SATURATED LIQUID TEMPERATURE °F
PSIG	R-410A
200	70
210	73
220	76
225	78
235	80
245	83
255	85
265	88
275	90
285	92
295	95
305	97
325	101
355	108
375	112
405	118
415	119
425	121
435	123
445	125
475	130
500	134
525	138
550	142
575	145
600	149
625	152

TABLE 6

8 Condensate Drain Lines

The coil drain pan has a primary and a secondary drain with 3/4" NPT female connections. The connectors required are 3/4" NPT male, either PVC or metal pipe, and should be hand tightened to a torque of no more than 37 in-lbs. to prevent damage to the drain pan connection. An insertion depth of approximately 3/8" to 1/2" (3-5 turns) should be expected at this torque.

1. Ensure drain pan hole is not obstructed.
2. To prevent potential sweating and dripping on to finished space, it may be necessary to insulate the condensate drain line located inside the building. Use Armaflex® or similar material.

A secondary condensate drain connection has been provided for areas where the building codes require it. Pitch all drain lines a minimum of 1/4" per foot to provide free drainage. Provide required support to the drain line to prevent bowing.

If the secondary drain line is required, run the line separately from the primary drain and end it where condensate discharge can be easily seen.

NOTE: Water coming from secondary line means the coil primary drain is plugged and needs immediate attention.

 CAUTION
IF SECONDARY DRAIN IS NOT INSTALLED, THE SECONDARY ACCESS MUST BE PLUGGED.

Insulate drain lines located inside the building or above a finished living space to prevent sweating. Install a condensate trap to ensure proper drainage.

NOTE: When units are installed above ceilings, or in other locations where damage from condensate overflow may occur, it is **MANDATORY** to install a field fabricated auxiliary drain pan under the coil cabinet enclosure.

The installation must include a "P" style trap that is located as close as is practical to the evaporator coil. See Figure 12 for details of a typical condensate line "P" trap.

NOTE: Units operating in high static pressure applications may require a deeper field constructed "P" style trap than is shown in Figure 12 to allow proper drainage and prevent condensate overflow.

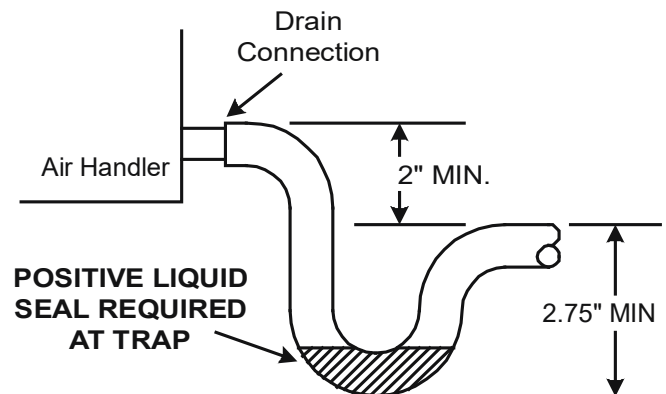


FIGURE 11

NOTE: Trapped lines are required by many local codes. In the absence of any prevailing local codes, please refer to the requirements listed in the Uniform Mechanical Building Code.

A drain trap in a draw-through application prevents air from being drawn back through the drain line during fan operation thus preventing condensate from draining, and if connected to a sewer line to prevent sewer gases from being drawn into the airstream during blower operation.

Use of a condensate removal pump is permitted when necessary. This condensate pump should have provisions for shutting off the control voltage should a blocked drain occur. A trap must be installed between the unit and the condensate pump.

IMPORTANT NOTE: The evaporator coil is fabricated with oils that may dissolve styrofoam and certain types of plastics. Therefore, a removal pump or float switch must not contain any of these materials.

Tip: Priming the “P” trap may avoid improper draining at the initial installation and at the beginning of the cooling season.

9 Ductwork

This air handler is designed for a complete supply and return ductwork system.



To ensure correct system performance, the ductwork is to be sized to accommodate 350-450 CFM per ton of cooling with the static pressure not to exceed 0.5” in w.c. Refer to ACCA Manual D, Manual S and Manual RS for information on duct sizing and application. Flame retardant ductwork is to be used and sealed to the unit in a manner that will prevent leakage.

NOTE: A downflow application with electric heat must have an L-shaped sheet metal supply duct without any outlets or registers located directly below the heater.

9.1 RETURN DUCTWORK

DO NOT LOCATE THE RETURN DUCTWORK IN AN AREA THAT CAN INTRODUCE TOXIC, OR OBJECTIONABLE FUMES/ODORS INTO THE DUCTWORK. The return ductwork is to be connected to the air handler bottom (upflow configuration).

10 Return Air Filters

NOTE: For DMVT24BP1400 only: If installing a filter, an external filter must be used when installing the unit in Horizontal Right, or if the side drain pan is not removed for Down Flow application. A filter will not fit on the internal filter rails in these applications.**

Each installation must include a return air filter. This filtering may be performed at the air handler using the factory filter rails or externally such as a return air filter grille. When using the factory filter rails, a nominal 16x20x1”, 20x20x1” or 24x20x1” (actual dimension must be less than 23-1/2”x20”) filter can be installed on a B, C and D cabinet respectively (the cabinet size is the seventh letter of the model number).

11 Electric Heat

Refer to the installation manual provided with the electric heat kit for the correct installation procedure. All electric heat must be field installed. If installing this option, the ONLY heat kits that are permitted to be used are the HKS and HKTSD series. Refer to the air handler unit’s Serial and Rating plate or the HKS and HKTSD specification sheets to determine the heat kits compatible with a given air handler. No other accessory heat kit besides the HKS and HKTSD series may be installed in these air handlers.

The heating mode temperature rise is dependent upon the system airflow, the supply voltage, and the heat kit size (kW) selected. Use data provided in Tables 5, 6, AND 7 to determine the temperature rise (°F).

NOTE: For installations not indicated above the following formula is to be used:

$$TR = (kW \times 3412) \times (\text{Voltage Correction}) / (1.08 \times \text{CFM})$$

Where: TR	=	Temperature Rise
kW	=	Heater Kit Actual kW
3412	=	Btu per kW
VC*	=	.96 (230 Supply Volts)
	=	.92 (220 Supply Volts)
	=	.87 (208 Supply Volts)
1.08	=	Constant
CFM	=	Measured Airflow

*VC (Voltage Correction)

NOTE: The Temperature Rise Tables can also be used to estimate the air handler airflow delivery. When using these tables for this purpose set the room thermostat to maximum heat and allow the system to reach steady state conditions. Insert two thermometers, one in the return air and one in the supply air. The temperature rise is the supply air temperature minus the room air temperature. Using the temperature rise calculated, CFM can be estimated from the TR formula above. See Service Manual for more information.

CFM	HEAT KIT NOMINAL kW							
	3	5	6	8	10	15	19/20	25
800	12	19	23	31	37	56		
1000	9	15	19	25	30	44		
1200	8	12	15	21	25	37	49	62
1400	7	11	13	18	21	32	42	53
1600	6	9	12	15	19	28	37	46
1800	5	8	10	14	16	25	33	41
2000	5	7	9	12	15	22	30	37

**230/1/60 SUPPLY VOLTAGE - TEMP. RISE °F
TABLE 7**

CFM	HEAT KIT NOMINAL kW							
	3	5	6	8	10	15	19/20	25
800	11	18	22	30	35	54		
1000	9	14	18	24	28	42		
1200	7	12	15	20	24	35	47	56
1400	6	10	13	17	20	30	40	48
1600	6	9	11	15	18	27	35	42
1800	5	8	10	13	16	24	31	37
2000	4	7	9	12	14	21	28	33



220/1/60 SUPPLY VOLTAGE - TEMP. RISE °F
TABLE 8


CFM	HEAT KIT NOMINAL kW							
	3	5	6	8	10	15	19/20	25
800	10	17	21	28	33			
1000	8	13	17	22	27	40		
1200	7	11	14	19	22	33	45	56
1400	6	10	12	16	19	29	38	48
1600	5	8	10	14	17	25	33	42
1800	5	7	9	12	15	22	30	37
2000	4	7	8	11	13	20	27	33

208/1/60 SUPPLY VOLTAGE - TEMP. RISE °F
TABLE 9

12 Electrical and Control Wiring

IMPORTANT: All routing of electrical wiring must be made through provided electrical knockouts. Do not cut, puncture or alter the cabinet for electrical wiring.

 WARNING
<p>HIGH VOLTAGE DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.</p> 

 WARNING
<p>HIGH VOLTAGE! TO AVOID PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH DUE TO ELECTRICAL SHOCK, THIS UNIT MUST HAVE AN <u>UNINTERRUPTED, UNBROKEN</u> ELECTRICAL GROUND. THE ELECTRICAL GROUND CIRCUIT MAY CONSIST OF AN APPROPRIATELY SIZED ELECTRICAL WIRE CONNECTING THE GROUND LUG IN THE UNIT CONTROL BOX TO THE BUILDING ELECTRICAL SERVICE PANEL. OTHER METHODS OF GROUNDING ARE PERMITTED IF PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NATIONAL ELECTRIC CODE (NEC)/AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARDS INSTITUTE (ANSI)/NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION (NFPA) 70 AND LOCAL/STATE CODES. IN CANADA, ELECTRICAL GROUNDING IS TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CANADIAN ELECTRIC CODE (CSA) C22.1.</p>

12.1 BUILDING ELECTRICAL SERVICE INSPECTION

This unit is designed for single-phase electrical supply only. **DO NOT OPERATE ON A THREE-PHASE POWER SUPPLY.** Measure the power supply to the unit. The supply voltage must be measured and be in agreement with the unit nameplate power requirements and within the range shown.

12.2 WIRE SIZING

Wire size is important to the operation of your equipment. Use the following check list when selecting the appropriate wire size for your unit.

- Wire used must carry the Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA) listed on the unit's Series and Rating Plate.
- Refer to the NEC (USA) or CSA (Canada) for wire sizing. The unit MCA for the air handler and the optional electric heat kit can be found on the unit Series and Rating Plate.
- Wire must be sized to allow no more than a 2% voltage drop from the building breaker/fuse panel to the unit.
- Wires with different insulation temperature rating have varying ampacities - be sure to check the temperature rating used.

Refer to the latest edition of the National Electric Code or in Canada the Canadian Electric Code when determining the correct wire size.

12.3 MAXIMUM OVERCURRENT PROTECTION (MOP)

Every installation must include an NEC (USA) or CEC (Canada) approved overcurrent protection device. Also, check with local or state codes for any special regional requirements.

Protection can be in the form of fusing or HACR style circuit breakers. The Series and Rating Plate provides the maximum overcurrent device permissible.

NOTE: Fuses or circuit breakers are to be sized larger than the equipment MCA but not to exceed the MOP.

Model	HEATER KIT (Kw)								
	3	5	6	8	10	15	19	20	25
DMVT24BP14	550	650	700	800	850	875			
DMVT30BP14	550	650	700	800	875	1050			
DMVT36BP14	630	650	700	800	875	1050			
DMVT36CP14		735	810	935	1020	1145	1345		
DMVT42CP14		735	810	935	1020	1145	1345		
DMVT48CP14		880	880	1045	1200	1420	1480		
DMVT48DP14		1040	1170	1260	1300	1595		1595	
DMVT60DP14		1135	1265	1375	1455	1815		1860	1925

*Airflows shown are to be considered the absolute minimum allowable for the Air handler and Heat kit combination. The minimum airflow does not represent the recommended airflow by the manufacturer. When selecting a heater kit, the Minimum Blower Setting (M.B.S.) or speed tap listed on the unit's nameplate should be followed.

MINIMUM CFM REQUIRED FOR HEATER KITS
TABLE 10

Nominal Input	Minimum Voltage	Maximum Voltage
208-230 VAC	197	253

ELECTRICAL VOLTAGE
TABLE 11

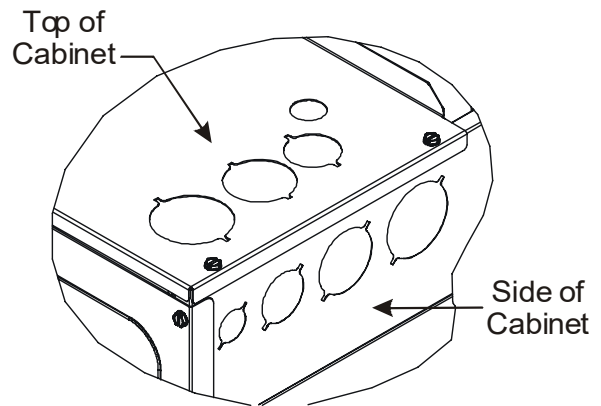
adapter ring must be used in order to meet UL1995 safety requirements. An NEC or CEC approved strain relief is to be used at this entry point. Some codes/municipalities require the supply wire to be enclosed in conduit. Consult your local codes.

12.4 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS – SUPPLY VOLTAGE

 CAUTION
FIRE HAZARD! TO AVOID THE RISK OF PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR FIRE, USE ONLY COPPER CONDUCTORS.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Use copper conductors only from disconnect or electrical panel to the air handler.

Knockouts are provided on the air handler top panel and sides of the cabinet to allow for the entry of the supply voltage conductors, as shown in Figure 13. Separate knockouts must be used for two circuit heat kits. Unless Single Point Wiring Kit (SPW-01) is used. If the knockouts on the cabinet sides are used for electrical conduit, an



KNOCK-OUT FOR ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS
FIGURE 12

12.4.1 AIR HANDLER ONLY (NON-HEAT KIT MODELS)

IMPORTANT: Installation of Air Handler must follow any local codes/regulations. The manufacture recommends that when a heater kit is not installed, a field supplied disconnect switch or breaker should be installed in the electrical circuit that will allow power to be shut-off for service or maintenance.

The building supply connects to the stripped black and red wires contained in the air handler electrical compartment cavity. A ground screw is also contained in this area. Attach the Supply wires to the air handler conductors as shown in the unit wiring diagram using appropriately sized solderless connectors or other NEC or CEC approved means.

12.4.2 AIR HANDLER - NON-CIRCUIT BREAKER HEAT KITS

A terminal block is provided with the HKS and HKTSD kit to attach the power supply and air handler connections. Follow the HKS and HKTSD Installation Manual and wiring diagram for complete wiring details.

12.4.3 AIR HANDLER WITH CIRCUIT BREAKER HEAT KIT

The air handler has soft plastic cover on the upper access panel and can be removed to allow the heater kit circuit breaker to be installed. The circuit breakers have lugs for power supply connection. See the HKS and HKTSD Installation Instructions for further details.


12.5 LOW VOLTAGE CONNECTIONS

Several combinations of low voltage schemes are possible, depending on the presence of a heat kit and whether the heat kit is single-stage or multi-stage, whether the outdoor section is an air conditioner or heat pump, and whether the outdoor section is single-stage or two-stage. The 24V-control voltage connects the air handler to the room thermostat and condenser. Low voltage wiring must be copper conductors. A minimum of 18AWG must be used for installations up to 100 feet. Low voltage wiring must be connected through the top of the cabinet or either side. See the "Thermostat Wiring" section of this manual for typical low voltage wiring connections.


13 Achieving 1.4% Low Leakage Rate

Ensure all the gaskets remain intact on all surfaces as shipped with the unit. These surfaces are areas between the upper tie plate and blower access panel, blower access and coil access panels, and between the coil access and filter access panels. Ensure upon installation, that the plastic breaker cover is sitting flush on the blower access panel and all access panels are flush with each other and the cabinet. With these requirements satisfied, the unit achieves less than 1.4% airflow leakage when tested in accordance with ASHRAE Standard 193.

24 Volt Thermostat Wiring


WARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE
DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.

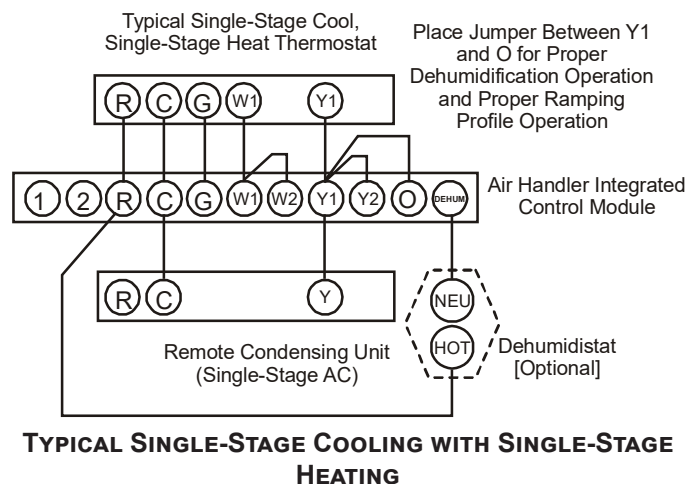


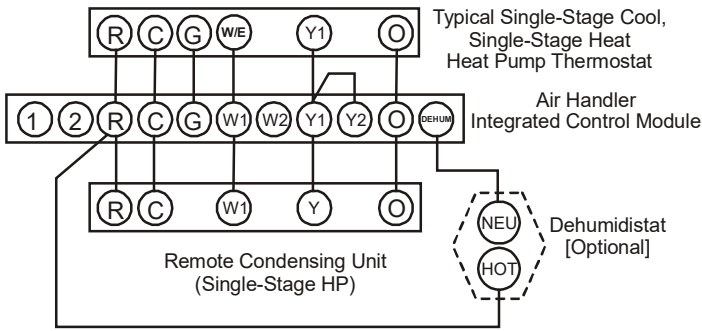
NOTE: Wire routing must not interfere with the circulator blower operation or routine maintenance.

The air handler's integrated control module provides terminals for "Y1" and "Y2" and "W1" and "W2" thermostat connections. This allows the air handler to support the systems shown in the following table. Refer to the following figures for typical connections to the integrated control module. Thermostat wiring entrance holes are located in the top of the blower. Wire routing must not interfere with circulator blower operation or routine maintenance.

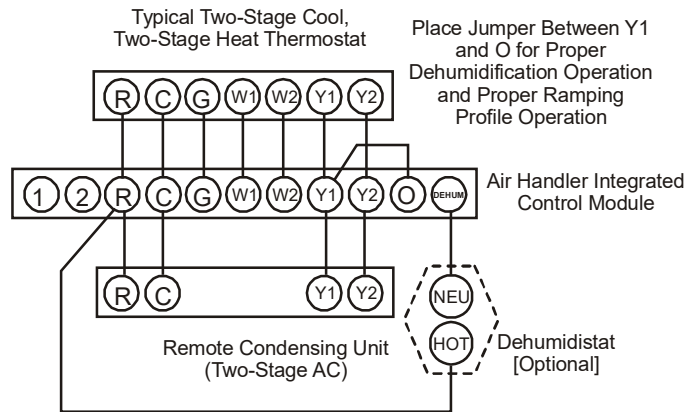
COOLING	HEAT PUMP HEATING	ELECTRIC HEATING
1-STAGE	-----	1- or 2-STAGE
2-STAGE	-----	1- or 2-STAGE
1-STAGE	1-STAGE	-----
2-STAGE	2-STAGE	-----
1-STAGE	1-STAGE	1- or 2-STAGE
2-STAGE	2-STAGE	1- or 2-STAGE

NOTE: A removable plug connector is provided with the control to make thermostat wire connections. This plug may be removed, wire connections made to the plug, and replaced. It is strongly recommended that you do not connect multiple wires into a single terminal. Wire nuts are recommended to ensure one wire is used for each terminal. Failure to do so may result in intermittent operation.

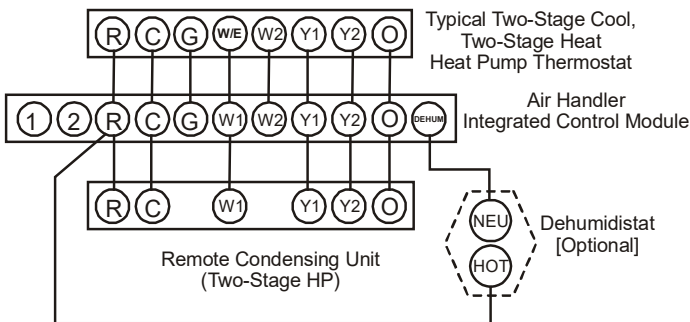




TYPICAL SINGLE-STAGE HEAT PUMP WITH AUXILIARY/ EMERGENCY HEATING



TYPICAL TWO-STAGE COOLING WITH TWO-STAGE HEATING



TYPICAL TWO STAGE HEAT PUMP HEATING AND AUXILIARY/EMERGENCY HEATING

The optional usage of a dehumidist allows the air handler's circulator blower to operate at a slightly lower speed during a combined thermostat call for cooling and dehumidistat call for dehumidification. This lower blower speed enhances dehumidification of the conditioned air as it passes through the AC coil. For proper function, a dehumidistat applied to this air handler must operate on 24 VAC and utilize a switch which *opens on humidity rise*.

To install/connect a dehumidistat:

1. Turn OFF power to air handler.
2. Secure the dehumidistat neutral wire (typically the white lead) to the screw terminal marked "DEHUM" on the air handler's integrated control module.
3. Secure the dehumidistat hot wire (typically the black lead) to the screw terminal marked "R" on the air handler's integrated control module.

4. Secure the dehumidistat ground wire (typically the green lead) to the ground screw on the air handler. **NOTE:** Ground wire may not be present on all dehumidistats.
5. To enable the dehumidification function, move the dehumidification dip switch (S7) from OFF to ON. See following figure.
6. Turn ON power to air handler.

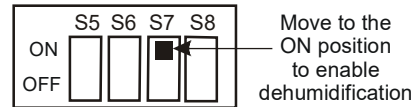
14 Circulator Blower

AUXILIARY ALARM SWITCH

The control is equipped with two Auxiliary Alarm terminals labeled CAS which can be utilized with communicating mode setups (typically used for condensate switch wiring but could be used with compatible CO2 sensors or fire alarms).

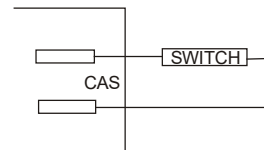
Legacy Mode Use

In a legacy system (Non-communicating), this feature is not operational. Any auxiliary alarm switch must be used to interrupt the Y1 signal either to the indoor or outdoor unit.



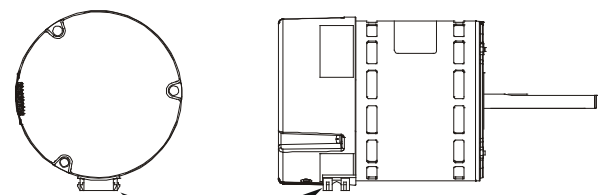
Communication Mode Use

This feature can be activated or deactivated through the thermostat user menus. An auxiliary alarm switch must be normally closed and open when the base pan's water level in the evaporator coil reaches a particular level. The control will respond by turning off the outdoor compressor and display the proper fault codes. If the switch is detected closed for 30 seconds, normal operation resumes and the error message will be removed.



FRONT VIEW

SIDE VIEW



FEMALE CONNECTIONS

MOTOR ORIENTATION

If the unit is in the upflow position, there is no need to rotate the motor. If the unit is in the downflow position, loosen motor mount and rotate motor as shown in the Motor Orientation figure below. Be sure motor is oriented with the female connections on the casing down. If the motor is not oriented with the connections down, water could collect in the motor and may cause premature failure.

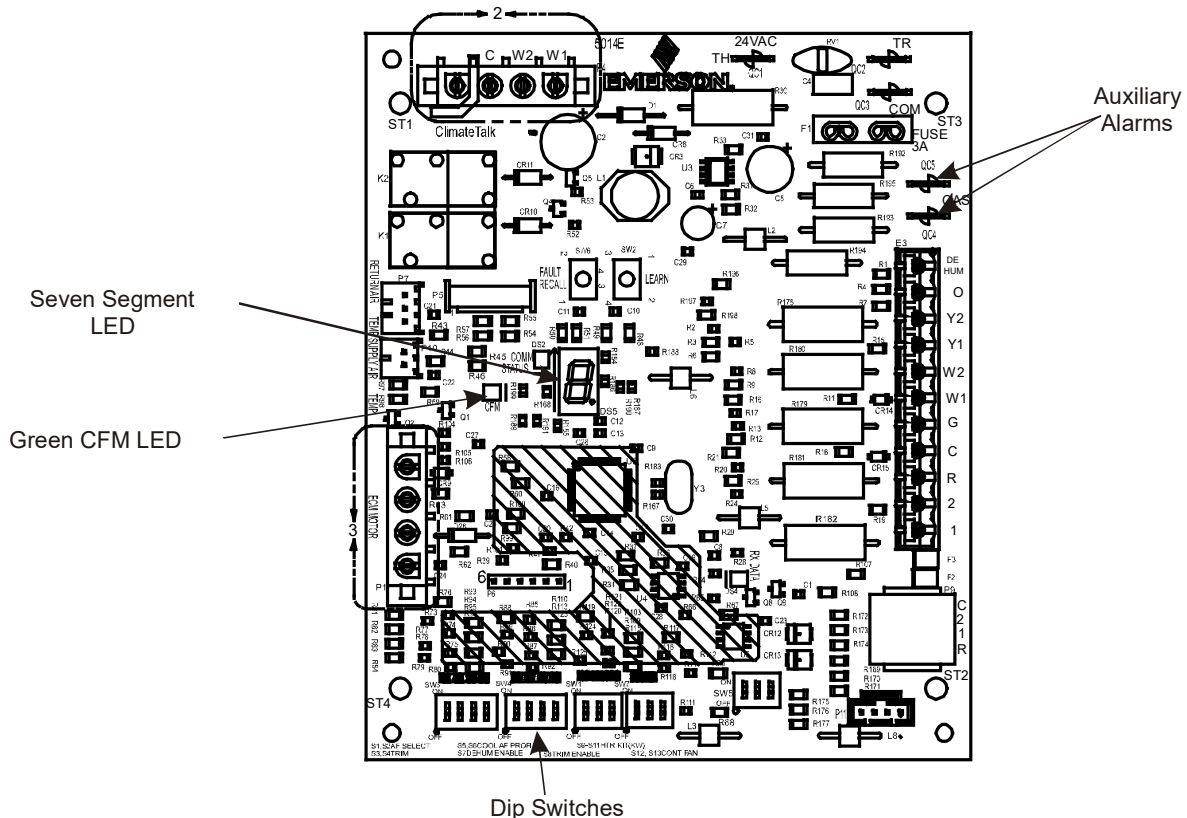
This air handler is equipped with a multi-speed circulator blower. This blower provides ease in adjusting blower speeds. The Specification Sheet applicable to your model provides an airflow table, showing the relationship between airflow (CFM) and external static pressure the relationship between airflow (CFM) and external static pressure (E.S.P.), for the proper selection of heating and cooling speeds. The heating blower speed is shipped set at 21kW or 25kW, and the cooling blower speed is set at "D". These blower speeds should be adjusted by the installer to match the installation requirements so as to provide the correct electric heating CFM and correct cooling CFM.

Use the CFM LED (green) to obtain an approximate airflow quantity. The green CFM LED blinks once for each 100 CFM of airflow.

1. Determine the tonnage of the cooling system installed with the air handler. If the cooling capacity is in BTU/hr divide it by 12,000 to convert capacity to TONS.
EXAMPLE: Cooling Capacity of 30,000 BTU/hr.
 $30,000/12,000 = 2.5$ Tons
2. Determine the proper airflow for the cooling system. Most cooling systems are designed to work with airflows between 350 and 450 CFM per ton. Most manufacturers recommend an airflow of about 400 CFM per ton.
EXAMPLE: 2.5 tons X 400 CFM per ton = 1000 CFM

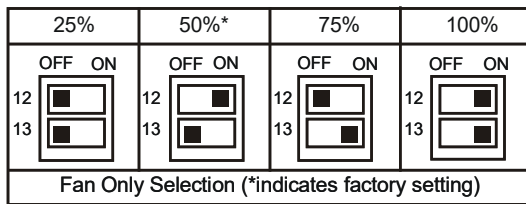
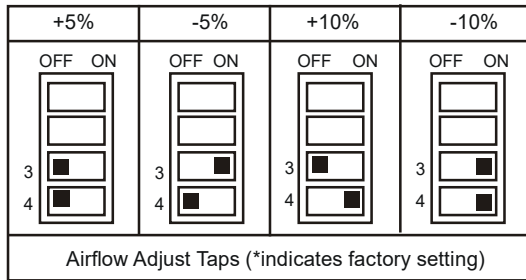
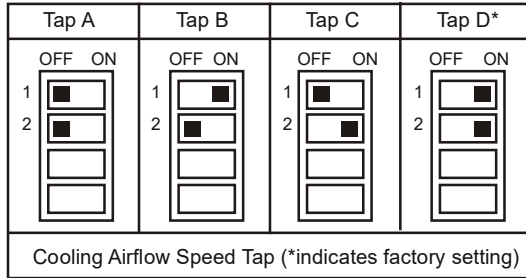
The cooling system manufacturer's instructions must be checked for required airflow. Any electronic air cleaners or other devices may require a specific airflow; consult installation instructions of those devices for requirements.

3. Knowing the air handler model, locate the high stage cooling airflow charts in the Specification Sheet applicable to your model. Look up the cooling airflow determined in step 2 and find the required cooling speed and adjustment setting.
EXAMPLE: A DV30PTCC14 air handler installed with a 2.5 ton air conditioning system. The airflow needed is 1000 CFM. Looking at the cooling speed chart for DV30PTCC14, find the airflow closest to 1000 CFM. A cooling airflow of 1000 CFM can be attained by setting the cooling speed to "C" and the adjustment to "0" (no adjustment).
4. Locate the blower speed selection DIP switches on the integrated control module. Select the desired "cooling" speed tap by positioning switches 1 and 2 appropriately. If airflow adjustment is required, set dip switch S8 (trim enable) to ON (trim enable default is off). Then select the desired "adjust" tap by positioning switches S3 and S4 appropriately. Refer to the following Airflow Adjust Taps figure for switch positions and their corresponding taps. Verify CFM by counting the number of times the green CFM LED blinks. Verify CFM by counting the number of times the green CFM LED blinks.
5. Continuous fan speeds that provide 25, 50, 75, and 100% of the air handler's maximum airflow capability are selectable via dip switches S12 and S13. If the air handler's maximum airflow capability is 2000 CFM and 25% continuous fan speed is selected, the continuous fan speed will be 0.25×2000 CFM = 500 CFM.



MOTOR ORIENTATION - COMMUNICATING BOARD

6. The multi-speed circulator blower also offers several custom ON/OFF ramping profiles. These profiles may be used to enhance cooling performance and increase comfort level. The ramping profiles are selected using DIP switches 5 and 6. Refer to the following Dip Switches - Cooling Airflow. *Ramping Profiles* figure for switch positions and their corresponding taps. Refer to the bullet points below for a description of each ramping profile. Verify profile selection by counting the green CFM LED blinks and timing each step of the ramping profile.

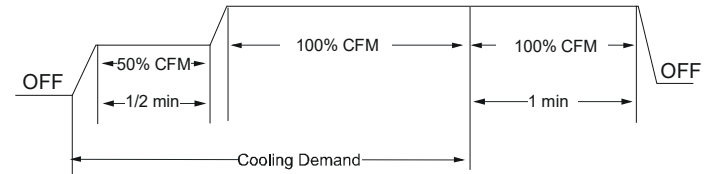


**DIP SWITCHES -
COOLING AIRFLOW AND AIRFLOW ADJUST TAPS**

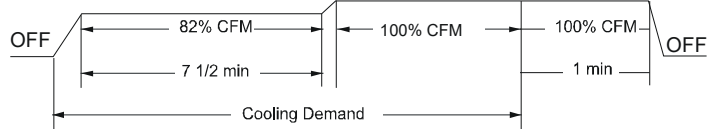
- Profile A provides only an OFF delay of one (1) minute at 100% of the cooling demand airflow.



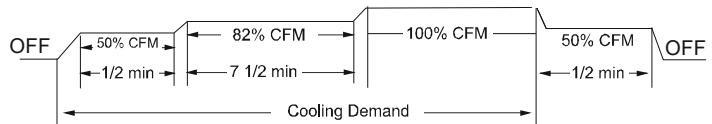
- Profile B ramps up to full cooling demand airflow by first stepping up to 50% of the full demand for 30 seconds. The motor then ramps to 100% of the required airflow. A one (1) minute OFF delay at 100% of the cooling airflow.



- Profile C ramps up to 82% of the full cooling demand airflow and operates there for approximately 7 1/2 minutes. The motor then steps up to the full demand airflow. Profile C also has a one (1) minute 100% OFF delay.



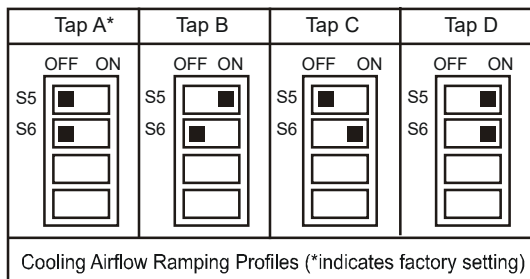
- Profile D ramps up to 50% of the demand for 1/2 minute, then ramps to 82% of the full cooling demand airflow and operates there for approximately 7 1/2 minutes. The motor then steps up to the full demand airflow. Profile D has a 1/2 minute at 50% airflow OFF delay.



21 kW* or 25 kW*	19 kW or 20 kW	15 kW	10 kW	8 kW	6 kW	5 kW	3 kW
OFF ON S9 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> S10 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> S11 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	OFF ON S9 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> S10 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> S11 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	OFF ON S9 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> S10 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> S11 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	OFF ON S9 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> S10 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> S11 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	OFF ON S9 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> S10 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> S11 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	OFF ON S9 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> S10 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> S11 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	OFF ON S9 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> S10 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> S11 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	OFF ON S9 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> S10 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> S11 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Electric Heating Airflow (*indicates factory setting)							

NOTE: Upon start up in communicating mode the circuit board may display an “Ec” error. This is an indication that the dip switches on the control board need to be configured in accordance with the Electric Heating Airflow Table. Configuring the dip switches and resetting power to the unit will clear the error code. Within the Daikin communicating thermostat user menu, will display 20 kW for OFF-OFF-ON dip switch selection and 21 kW for OFF-OFF-OFF dip switch selection.

7. If an electric heater kit has been installed, determine the heater kilowatt (kW) rating. Using the Electric Heat Airflow table on page 16, set dip switches 9, 10, and 11 for the installed heater. The adjust setting (already established by the cooling speed selection) also applies to the electric heater kit airflow. Thus, the electric heater airflow is adjusted by the same amount. This does not apply to systems setup with a communicating thermostat. See Set-Up section in the Air Handler Advanced Features Menu on page 22. Verify selected CFM by counting the green CFM LED blinks. If an electric heater kit has not been installed, set dip switches 9, 10, and 11 to any valid heater kit setting (see airflow table for valid settings). This will prevent an Ec Error code from being displayed.



NOTE: For installations not indicated in the preceding Temperature Rise Tables, the following formula is to be used:

$$TR = (kW \times 3412) \times (\text{Voltage Correction}) / (1.08 \times CFM)$$

Where: TR = Temperature Rise
 kW = Heater Kit Actual kW
 3412 = Btu per kW
 Voltage Correction = .96 (230 Supply Volts)
 = .92 (220 Supply Volts)
 = .87 (208 Supply Volts)
 1.08 = Constant
 CFM = Measured Airflow

NOTE: The Temperature Rise Tables can also be used to determine the air handler airflow delivery. When using these tables for this purpose set the room thermostat to maximum heat and allow the system to reach steady state conditions. Insert two thermometers, one in the return air and one in the supply air. The temperature rise is the supply air temperature minus the room air temperature.

NOTE:

1. Airflow data indicated is at 230V without air filter in place.
2. The cooling/heat pump speed tap should be selected based on the AHRI rating. Otherwise, select a speed tap that provides a minimum 350 CFM per outdoor ton. For satisfactory operation, external static pressure must not exceed 0.5" WC.

EXAMPLE: For a 2 ton outdoor, C -10% trim is the lowest valid speed for DMVT24BP1400 (702 SCFM at 0.5" WC).

	Outdoor Unit Tonnage						
	1.5	2	2.5	3	3.5	4	5
Minimum Cooling/Heating CFM @ .5" WC ESP	525	700	875	1050	1225	1400	1750

3. Use the CFM adjustment factors of 0.98 for horizontal left and 0.96 for horizontal right and downflow orientations.

15 Troubleshooting

HEAT KIT SELECTION


For heat kit selection, see the Specification Sheet for each specific Air Handler.

15.1 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE (ESD) PRECAUTIONS


NOTE: Discharge body's static electricity before touching unit. An electrostatic discharge can adversely affect electrical components.

Use the following precautions during air handler installation and servicing to protect the integrated control module from damage. By putting the air handler, the control, and the person at the same electrostatic potential, these steps will help avoid exposing the integrated control module to electrostatic discharge. This procedure is applicable to both installed and uninstalled (ungrounded) blowers.

1. Disconnect all power to the blower. Do not touch the integrated control module or any wire connected to the control prior to discharging your body's electrostatic charge to ground.
2. Firmly touch a clean, unpainted, metal surface of the air handler blower near the control. Any tools held in a person's hand during grounding will be discharged.
3. Service integrated control module or connecting wiring following the discharge process in step 2. Use caution not to recharge your body with static electricity; (i.e., do not move or shuffle your feet, do not touch ungrounded objects, etc.). If you come in contact with an ungrounded object, repeat step 2 before touching control or wires.
4. Discharge your body to ground before removing a new control from its container. Follow steps 1 through 3 if installing the control on a blower. Return any old or new controls to their containers before touching any ungrounded object.


WARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE
TO AVOID PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH DIE TO ELECTRICAL SHOCK, DISCONNECT ELECTRICAL POWER BEFORE PERFORMING ANY SERVICE OR MAINTENANCE.



15.2 DIAGNOSTIC CHART

Refer to the Troubleshooting Chart at the end of this manual for assistance in determining the source of unit operational problems. The 7 segment LED display will provide any active fault codes. An arrow printed next to the display indicates proper orientation (arrow points to top of display). See following image.



15.3 FAULT RECALL

The integrated control module is equipped with a momentary push-button switch that can be used to display the last six faults on the 7 segment LED display. The control must be in Standby Mode (no thermostat inputs) to use the feature. Depress the push-button for approximately two seconds and less than five seconds. The LED display will then display the six most recent faults beginning with the most recent fault and decrementing to the least recent fault. The faults may be cleared by depressing the button for greater than five seconds.

NOTE: Consecutively repeated faults are displayed a maximum of three times. Example: A clogged return air filter causes the air handler's motor to repeatedly enter a limiting condition. The control will only store this fault the first three consecutive times the fault occurs.

16 Fully Communicating Daikin System

16.1 OVERVIEW

NOTE: For a detailed procedure of thermostat commissioning process, please visit the Daikin One+ website at <http://daikinone.com>.

The Communicating system is a system that includes a Communicating compatible air handler and air conditioner or heat pump with a Daikin Communicating thermostat. Any other system configurations are considered invalid Communicating systems and must be connected as a traditional (or non-communicating) system (see the 24 Volt Thermostat Wiring - Non-Communicating Thermostat Connections section for details).

A Communicating heating/air conditioning system differs from a non-communicating/traditional system in the manner in which the indoor unit, outdoor unit and thermostat interact with one another. In a traditional system, the thermostat sends commands to the indoor and

outdoor units via analog 24 VAC signals. It is a one-way communication path in that the indoor and outdoor units typically do not return information to the thermostat. On the other hand, the indoor unit, outdoor unit, and thermostat comprising a Communicating system "communicate" digitally with one another. It is now a two-way communications path. The thermostat still sends commands to the indoor and outdoor units. However, the thermostat may also request and receive information from both the indoor and outdoor units. This information may be displayed on the Communicating thermostat. The indoor and outdoor units also interact with one another. The outdoor unit may send commands to or request information from the indoor unit. This two-way digital communications between the thermostat and subsystems (indoor/outdoor unit) and between subsystems is the key to unlocking the benefits and features of the Communicating system.

Two-way digital communications is accomplished using only two wires. The thermostat and subsystem controls are powered with 24 VAC. Thus, a maximum of 4 wires between the equipment and thermostat is all that is required to operate the system.

16.2 AIRFLOW CONSIDERATION

Airflow demands are managed differently in a fully communicating system than they are in a non-communicating wired system. The system operating mode (as determined by the thermostat) determines which unit calculates the system airflow demand. If the indoor unit is responsible for determining the airflow demand, it calculates the demand and sends it to the ECM motor. If the outdoor unit or thermostat is responsible for determining the demand, it calculates the demand and transmits the demand along with a fan request to the indoor unit. The indoor unit then sends the demand to the ECM motor. The following table lists the various Communicating systems, the operating mode, and airflow demand source.

For example, assume the system is a heat pump matched with an air handler. With a call for low stage cooling, the heat pump will calculate the system's low stage cooling airflow demand. The heat pump will then send a fan request along with the low stage cooling airflow demand to the air handler. Once received, the air handler will send the low stage cooling airflow demand to the ECM motor. The ECM motor then delivers the low stage cooling airflow. See the applicable Communicating air conditioner or heat pump installation manual for the airflow delivered during cooling or heat pump heating.

In continuous fan mode, the thermostat provides the airflow demand. Depending on which thermostat has been installed three or four continuous fan speeds may be available. If the thermostat provides three speeds (low, medium, high) they correspond to 25%, 50% and 75%, respectively, of the air handlers' maximum airflow capability. If the thermostat provides four continuous fan speeds then a 100% airflow option is added. During continuous fan operation, the thermostat sends a fan request along with the continuous fan demand to the air handler. The air handler, in turn, sends the demand to the ECM motor. The ECM motor delivers the requested continuous fan airflow.

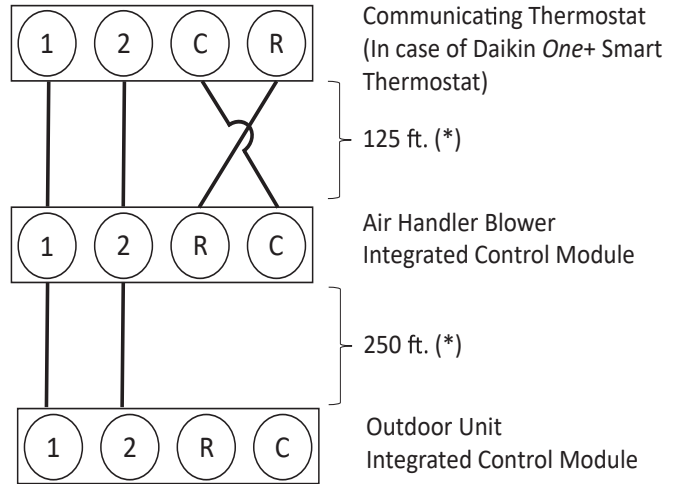
System	System Operating Mode	Airflow Demand Source
Air Conditioner + Air Handler	Cooling	Air Conditioner
	Heating	Air Handler
	Continuous Fan	Thermostat
Heat Pump + Air Handler	Cooling	Heat Pump
	Heat Pump Heating Only	Heat Pump
	HP + Electric Heat Strips	> of Heat Pump or Air Handler Demand
	Electric Heat Strips Only	Air Handler
	Continuous Fan	Thermostat

16.3 CONTROL WIRING

NOTE: Refer to section Electrical Connections for 208/230 volt line connections to the air handler.

NOTE: A plug connector is provided with the control to make thermostat wire connections. Wire nuts are recommended to ensure one wire is used for each terminal. Failure to do so may result in intermittent operation.

Typical 18 AWG thermostat wire may be used to wire the system components. One hundred and fifty (150) feet is the maximum length of wire recommended between indoor unit and outdoor unit, or between indoor unit and thermostat. Only the data lines 1 and 2 are required between the indoor and outdoor units. A 40VA, 208/230 VAC to 24 VAC transformer in the outdoor unit to provide 24 VAC power to the outdoor unit's electronic control.



(*) Allowable Maximum Length

ATTENTION INSTALLER - IMPORTANT NOTICE

PLEASE READ CAREFULLY BEFORE INSTALLING THIS UNIT.

- **POWER LINE TERMINAL #C FROM INDOOR UNIT MUST CONNECT TO TERMINAL #C ON THERMOSTAT AND POWER LINE TERMINAL #R FROM INDOOR UNIT MUST CONNECT TO TERMINAL #R ON THERMOSTAT. VERIFY WIRES ARE NOT REVERSED. (NOTE: THE ORDER OF THE TERMINALS OF THE INDOOR UNIT AND THE DAIKIN ONE+ THERMOSTAT MAY BE DIFFERENT.)**
- **DO NOT ATTACH ANY WIRES TO THE R&C TERMINALS ON THE AC/HP, AS THEY ARE NOT NEEDED FOR INVERTER UNIT.**
- **DATA LINE TERMINAL #1 FROM AC/HO MUST CONNECT TO TERMINAL #1 ON INDOOR UNIT AND THERMOSTAT AND DATA LINE TERMINAL #2 FROM AC/HP MUST CONNECT TO TERMINAL #2 ON INDOOR UNIT AND THERMOSTAT. VERIFY WIRES ARE NOT REVERSED.**

16.4 FULLY COMMUNICATING DAIKIN SYSTEM ADVANCED FEATURES

The Communicating system permits access to additional system information, advanced set-up features, and advanced diagnostic/troubleshooting features. These advanced features are organized into a menu structure. If you are using a Daikin One+ Smart Thermostat, please visit website at <https://www.daikinone.com> for instructions.

16.5 DIAGNOSTICS

Accessing the air handler's diagnostics menu provides ready access to the last six faults detected by the air handler. Faults are stored most recent to least recent. Any consecutively repeated fault is stored a maximum of three times. Example: A clogged return air filter causes the air handler's motor to repeatedly enter a limiting condition. The control will only store this fault the first three consecutive times the fault occurs.

NOTE: It is highly recommended that the fault history be cleared after performing maintenance or servicing the air handler.

16.5.1 NETWORK TROUBLESHOOTING



The Communicating system is a fully communicating system, and thus, constitutes a network. Occasionally the need to troubleshoot the network may arise. The integrated air handler control has some on-board tools that may be used to troubleshoot the network. These tools are: red communications LED, green receive (Rx) LED, and learn button. Refer to the Communications Troubleshooting Chart at the end of this manual for error codes, possible causes and corrective actions.

- Red communications LED – Indicates the status of the network. The table below indicates the LED status and the corresponding potential problem.
- Green receive LED – Indicates network traffic. The table below indicates the LED status and the corresponding potential problem.
- Learn button – Used to reset the network. Depress the button for approximately 2 seconds to reset the network.



16.5.2 SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING

NOTE: Refer to the instructions accompanying the Communicating compatible outdoor AC/HP unit for troubleshooting information.

Refer to the Troubleshooting Chart at the end of this manual for a listing of possible air handler error codes, possible causes and corrective actions.

 WARNING	
HIGH VOLTAGE DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.	

17 Start-Up Procedure

 WARNING	
HIGH VOLTAGE DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.	

- Prior to start-up, ensure that all electrical wires are properly sized and all connections are properly tightened.
- All panels must be in place and secured. For Air Tight application, gasket must be positioned at prescribed locations to achieve 1.4% leakage.
- Tubing must be leak free.
- Condensate line must be trapped and pitched to allow for drainage.
- Low voltage wiring is properly connected.
- Auxiliary drain is installed when necessary and pitched to allow for drainage.
- Unit is protected from vehicular or other physical damage.
- Return air is not obtained from, nor are there any return air duct joints that are unsealed in, areas where there may be objectionable odors, flammable vapors or products of combustion such as carbon monoxide (CO), which may cause serious personal injury or death.

18 Regular Maintenance

The only item required to be maintained on a regular basis by the user is the circulating air filter(s). Filter should be cleaned or replaced regularly, typically once per month. A certified service technician must perform all other services.

IMPORTANT NOTE: If thumb screws are used to access the filter, ensure the washer installed on the screw behind the access panel remains in place after re-installation.

19 Troubleshooting Chart

COMMUNICATIONS TROUBLESHOOTING CHART

LED	LED Status	Indication	Possible Causes	Corrective Action(s)	Notes & Cautions
Red Communications LED	Off	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Normal condition 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None
	1 Flash	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Communications Failure 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Communications Failure 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Depress Learn Button • Verify that bus BIAS and TERM dipswitches are in the ON position. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Depress once quickly for a power-up reset • Depress and hold for 2 seconds for an out-of-box reset
	2 Flashes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Out-of-box reset 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Control power up • Learn button depressed 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None
Green Receive LED	Off	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No power • Communications error 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No power to air handler • Open fuse • Communications error 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check fuses and circuit breakers; replace/reset • Replace blown fuse • Check for shorts in low voltage wiring in air handler/system • Reset network by depressing learn button • Check data 1/ data 2 voltages 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Turn power OFF prior to repair
	1 Steady Flash	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No network found 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Broken/ disconnected data wire(s) • Air handler is installed as a non-communicating/ traditional system 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check communications wiring (data 1/ data 2 wires) • Check wire connections at terminal block • Verify air handler installation type (non-communicating/ traditional or communicating) • Check data 1/ data 2 voltages 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Turn power OFF prior to repair • Verify wires at terminal blocks are securely twisted together prior to inserting into terminal block • Verify data 1 and data voltages as described above
	Rapid Flashing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Normal network traffic 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Control is "talking" on network as expected 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None
	On Solid	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Data 1/ Data 2 miss-wire 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Data 1 and data 2 wires reversed at air handler, thermostat, or ComfortNet™ compatible outdoor AC/HP • Short between data 1 and data 2 wires • Short between data 1 or data 2 wires and R (24VAC) or C (24VAC common) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check communications wiring (data 1/ data 2 wires) • Check wire connections at terminal block • Check data 1/ data 2 voltages 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Turn power OFF prior to repair • Verify wires at terminal blocks are securely twisted together prior to inserting into terminal block • Verify data 1 and data voltages as described above

19 Troubleshooting Chart

AIR HANDLER ADVANCED FEATURES MENU

DIAGNOSTICS		
Submenu Item	Indication/User Modifiable Options	Comments
Fault 1 (FAULT #1)	Most recent modular fault	For display only
Fault 2 (FAULT #2)	Next most recent modular fault	For display only
Fault 3 (FAULT #3)	Next most recent modular fault	For display only
Fault 4 (FAULT #4)	Next most recent modular fault	For display only
Fault 5 (FAULT #5)	Next most recent modular fault	For display only
Fault 6 (FAULT #6)	Least recent modular fault	For display only
Clear Fault History (CLEAR)	NO or YES	Selecting "YES" clears the fault history

NOTE: Consecutively repeated faults are shown a maximum of 3 times

IDENTIFICATION	
Submenu Item	Indication (for Display Only; not User Modifiable)
Model Number (MOD NUM)	Displays the modular blower model number
Serial Number (SER NUM)	Displays the modular blower serial number (Optional)
Software (SOFTWARE)	Displays the application software revision

SET-UP		
Submenu Item	User Modifiable Options	Comments
Heat Airflow Trim (HT TRM)	-10% to +10% in 2% increments, default is 0%	Trims the heating airflow by the selected amount.

STATUS	
Submenu Item	Indication (for Display Only; not User Modifiable)
Mode (MODE)	Displays the current air handler operating mode
CFM (CFM)	Displays the airflow for the current operating mode

19 Troubleshooting Chart

Symptoms of Abnormal Operation (Legacy & ComfortNet™ Thermostat)	7-Segment LED Codes Characters Will Alternate	Fault Description	ComfortNet™ Thermostat Only		Possible Causes	Corrective Actions	Notes & Cautions
			Message	Code			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> LED display is ON continuously Electric heaters fail to energize on a call for W1 or Auxiliary/Emergency heat Integrated control module LED display provides the indicated error code. ComfortNet™ thermostat "Call for Service" icon illuminated ComfortNet™ thermostat scrolls "Check Air Handler" message 	<p>ON EC</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Normal operation Heater kit selected via dipswitches is too large for heater kits specified in shared data set 	None HTR TOO LARGE	None EC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Normal operation Heater kit selected via dipswitches is too large for heater kits in shared data set 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Verify electric heat dipswitch settings Verify the installed electric heater is valid for the air handler blower. Check nameplate or Specification Sheet applicable to your model* for allowable heater kit(s). Verify shared data set is correct for the specific model. Re-populate data using correct memory card if required. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Normal operation Turn power OFF prior to repair. Use memory card for the specific model. Insert memory card BEFORE turning power ON. Memory card may be removed after data is loaded. Turn power off before removing memory card.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Electric heat airflow is higher than expected on a call for W1 or Auxiliary/Emergency heat Integrated control module LED display provides the indicated error code. 	EC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Heater kit selected via dipswitches is too small for heater kits specified in shared data set 	HTR TOO SMALL	EC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Heater kit selected via dipswitches is too small for heater kits in shared data set 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Verify electric heat dipswitch settings Verify the installed electric heater is valid for the air handler blower. Check nameplate or Specification Sheet applicable to your model* for allowable heater kit(s). Verify shared data set is correct for the specific model. Re-populate data using correct memory card if required. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Turn power OFF prior to repair. Use memory card for the specific model. Insert memory card BEFORE turning power ON. Memory card may be removed after data is loaded. Turn power off before removing memory card.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Electric heat airflow is higher than expected on a call for W1 or Auxiliary/Emergency heat Integrated control module LED display provides the indicated error code. 	EC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Heater kit selected via dipswitches does not match heater kits specified in shared data set 	NO HTR MATCH	EC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Heater kit selected via dipswitches is doesn't match heater kits in shared data set 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Verify electric heat dipswitch settings Verify the installed electric heater is valid for the air handler blower. Check nameplate or Specification Sheet applicable to your model* for allowable heater kit(s). Verify shared data set is correct for the specific model. Re-populate data using correct memory card if required. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Turn power OFF prior to repair. Use memory card for the specific model. Insert memory card BEFORE turning power ON. Memory card may be removed after data is loaded. Turn power off before removing memory card.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Integrated control module LED display EF error code. ComfortNet™ thermostat "Call for Service". 	EF	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Aux switch open 	Aux Alarm Fault	EF	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> High water level in the evaporation coil. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check overflow pan and service 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Turn power OFF prior to service.

19 Troubleshooting Chart

Symptoms of Abnormal Operation (Legacy & ComfortNet™ Thermostat)	7-Segment LED Codes Characters Will Alternate	Fault Description	ComfortNet™ Thermostat Only		Possible Causes	Corrective Actions	Notes & Cautions
			Message	Code			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Air handler blower fails to operate Integrated control module LED display provides no signal. ComfortNet™ thermostat "Call for Service" icon illuminated ComfortNet™ thermostat scrolls "Check Air Handler" message 	No Display	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No 208/230 volt power to air handler blower or no 24 volt power to integrated control module Blown fuse or circuit breaker Integrated control module has an internal fault. 	INTERNAL FAULT	EE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Manual disconnect switch OFF or 24 volt wire improperly connected or loose Blown fuse or circuit breaker Integrated control module has an internal fault 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Assure 208/230 volt and 24 volt power to air handler blower and integrated control module. Check integrated control module fuse (3A). Replace if necessary. Check for possible shorts in 208/230 volt and 24 volt circuits. Repair as necessary. Replace bad integrated control module. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Turn power OFF prior to repair. Replace integrated control module fuse with 3A automotive fuse. Replace integrated control module with correct replacement part Read precautions in "Electrostatic Discharge" section of manual.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Air handler blower fails to operate. Integrated control module LED display provides indicated error code. ComfortNet™ thermostat "Call for Service" icon illuminated. ComfortNet™ thermostat scrolls "Check Air Handler" message. 	d0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Data not yet on network. 	NO NET DATA	d0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Air handler blower does not contain any shared data. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Populate shared data set using memory card. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Turn power OFF prior to repair Use memory card for the specific model. Insert memory card BEFORE turning power ON. Memory card may be removed after data is loaded. Error code will be cleared once data is loaded. Turn power off before removing memory card
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Air handler blower fails to operate. Integrated control module LED display provides indicated error code. ComfortNet™ thermostat "Call for Service" icon illuminated. ComfortNet™ thermostat scrolls "Check Air Handler" message. 	d1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Invalid data on network. 	INVALID DATA	d1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Air handler blower does not contain an appropriate shared data set. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Populate correct shared data set using memory card. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Turn power OFF prior to repair Use memory card for the specific model. Insert memory card BEFORE turning power ON. Memory card may be removed after data is loaded. Error code will be cleared once data is loaded.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Operation different than expected or no operation. Integrated control module LED display provides indicated error code. ComfortNet™ thermostat "Call for Service" icon illuminated. ComfortNet™ thermostat scrolls "Check Air Handler" message. 	d4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Invalid memory card data. 	INVALID MC DATA	d4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Shared data set on memory card has been rejected by integrated control module 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Verify shared data set is correct for the specific model. Re-populate data using correct memory card if required. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Turn power OFF prior to repair Use memory card for the specific model. Insert memory card BEFORE turning power ON. Memory card may be removed after data is loaded. Error code will be cleared once data is loaded. Turn power off before removing memory card

19 Troubleshooting Chart

Symptoms of Abnormal Operation (Legacy & ComfortNet™ Thermostat)	7-Segment LED Codes Characters Will Alternate	Fault Description	ComfortNet™ Thermostat Only		Possible Causes	Corrective Actions	Notes & Cautions
			Message	Code			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Air handler blower fails to operate. Integrated control module LED display provides indicated error code. ComfortNet™ thermostat "Call for Service" icon illuminated. ComfortNet™ thermostat scrolls "Check Air Handler" message. 	b0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Circulator blower motor is not running when it should be running. 	MOTOR NOT RUN	b0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Loose wiring connection at circulator motor power leads or circulator motor power leads disconnected. Failed circulator blower motor. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Tighten or correct wiring connection. Check circulator blower motor. Replace if necessary. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Turn power OFF prior to repair. Replace circulator motor with correct replacement part.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Air handler blower fails to operate. Integrated control module LED display provides indicated error code. ComfortNet™ thermostat "Call for Service" icon illuminated. ComfortNet™ thermostat scrolls "Check Air Handler" message. 	b1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Integrated control module has lost communications with circulator blower motor. 	MOTOR COMM	b1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Loose wiring connection at circulator motor control leads. Failed circulator blower motor. Failed integrated control module. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Tighten or correct wiring connection. Check circulator blower motor. Replace if necessary. Check integrated control module. Replace if necessary. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Turn power OFF prior to repair. Replace circulator motor with correct replacement part. Replace integrated control module with correct replacement part.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Air handler blower fails to operate. Integrated control module LED display provides indicated error code. ComfortNet™ thermostat "Call for Service" icon illuminated. ComfortNet™ thermostat scrolls "Check Air Handler" message. 	b2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Circulator blower motor horse power in shared data set does not match circulator blower motor horse power. 	MOTOR MISMATCH	b2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Incorrect circulator blower motor in air handler blower. Incorrect shared data set in integrated control module. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Verify circulator blower motor horse power is the same specified for the specific air handler blower model. Replace is necessary. Verify shared data set is correct for the specific model. Re-populate data using correct memory card if required. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Turn power OFF prior to repair. Replace motor with correct replacement part. Use memory card for the specific model. Insert memory card BEFORE turning power ON. Memory card may be removed after data is loaded. Error code will be cleared once shared data and motor horse power match. Turn power off before removing memory card.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Air handler blower operates at reduced performance. Airflow delivered is less than expected. Integrated control module LED display provides b3 error code. 	b3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Circulator blower motor is operating in a power, temperature, or speed limiting condition. 	MOTOR LIMITS	b3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Blocked filters. Restrictive ductwork. Undersized ductwork. High ambient temperatures. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check filters for blockage. Clean filters or remove obstruction. Check ductwork for blockage. Remove obstruction. Verify all registers are fully open. Verify ductwork is appropriately sized for system. Resize/replace ductwork if necessary. See "Installation Instructions" for installation requirements. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Turn power OFF prior to repair.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Air handler blower fails to operate. Integrated control module LED display provides indicated error code. ComfortNet™ thermostat "Call for Service" icon illuminated. ComfortNet™ thermostat scrolls "Check Air Handler" message. 	b4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Circulator blower motor senses a loss rotor control. Circulator blower motor senses high current. 	MOTOR TRIPS	b4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Abnormal motor loading, sudden change in speed or torque, sudden blockage of air handler blower/coil air inlet or outlet. High loading conditions, blocked filters, very restrictive ductwork, blockage of air handler blower/coil air inlet or outlet. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check filters, filter grills/registers, duct system, and air handler blower/coil air inlet/outlet for blockages. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Turn power OFF prior to repair.


19 Troubleshooting Chart

Symptoms of Abnormal Operation (Legacy & ComfortNet™ Thermostat)	7-Segment LED Codes Characters Will Alternate	Fault Description	ComfortNet™ Thermostat Only		Possible Causes	Corrective Actions	Notes & Cautions
			Message	Code			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Air handler blower fails to operate. Integrated control module LED display provides indicated error code. ComfortNet™ thermostat "Call for Service" icon illuminated. ComfortNet™ thermostat scrolls "Check Air Handler" message. 	b5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Circulator blower motor fails to start 10 consecutive times. 	MTR LCKD ROTOR	b5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Obstruction in circulator blower housing. Seized circulator blower motor bearings. Failed circulator blower motor. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check circulator blower for obstructions. Remove and repair/replace wheel/motor if necessary. Check circulator blower motor shaft rotation and motor. Replace motor if necessary. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Turn power OFF prior to repair. Replace motor with correct replacement part. Replace wheel with correct replacement part.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Air handler blower fails to operate. Integrated control module LED display provides indicated error code. ComfortNet™ thermostat "Call for Service" icon illuminated. ComfortNet™ thermostat scrolls "Check Air Handler" message. 	b6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Circulator blower motor shuts down for over or under voltage condition. Circulator blower motor shuts down due to over temperature condition on power module. 	MOTOR VOLTS	b6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> High AC line voltage to air handler blower. Low AC line voltage to air handler blower. High ambient temperatures. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check power to air handler blower. Verify line voltage to blower is within the range specified on the air handler blower rating plate. See "Installation Instructions" for installation requirements. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Turn power OFF prior to repair.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Air handler blower fails to operate. Integrated control module LED display provides indicated error code. ComfortNet™ thermostat "Call for Service" icon illuminated. ComfortNet™ thermostat scrolls "Check Air Handler" message. 	b7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Circulator blower motor does not have enough information to operate properly. Motor fails to start 40 consecutive times. 	MOTOR PARAMS	b7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Error with integrated control module. Motor has a locked rotor condition. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check integrated control module. Verify control is populated with correct shared data set. See data errors above for details. Check for locked rotor condition (see error code above for details). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Turn power OFF prior to repair. Replace with correct replacement part(s). Use memory card for the specific model. Insert memory card BEFORE turning power ON. Memory card may be removed after data is loaded Turn power off before removing memory card.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Air handler blower operates at reduced performance or operates on low stage when high stage is expected. Integrated control module LED display provides indicated error code. 	b9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Airflow is lower than demanded. 	LOW ID AIRFLOW	b9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Blocked filters. Restrictive ductwork. Undersized ductwork. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check filters for blockage. Clean filters or remove obstruction. Check ductwork for blockage. Remove obstruction. Verify all registers are fully open. Verify ductwork is appropriately sized for system. Resize/replace ductwork if necessary. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Turn power OFF prior to repair.

20 Diagnostic Codes


7 SEGMENT LED (characters will alternate)	DESCRIPTION OF CONDITION
(no display)	INTERNAL CONTROL FAULT / NO POWER
On	STANDBY, WAITING FOR INPUTS
Ed	HEATER KIT DIP SWITCHES NOT SET PROPERLY
Eb	NO HTR KIT INSTALLED - SYSTEM CALLING FOR AUXILIARY HEAT
E5	FUSE OPEN
EF	AUXILIARY SWITCH OPEN
d0	DATA NOT ON NETWORK
d1	INVALID DATA ON NETWORK
d4	INVALID MEMORY CARD DATA
b0	BLOWER MOTOR NOT RUNNING
b1	BLOWER MOTOR COMMUNICATION ERROR
b2	BLOWER MOTOR HP MISMATCH
b3	BLOWER MOTOR OPERATING IN POWER, TEMP., OR SPEED LIMIT
b4	BLOWER MOTOR CURRENT TRIP OR LOST ROTOR
b5	BLOWER MOTOR ROTOR LOCKED
b6	OVER/UNDER VOLTAGE TRIP OR OVER TEMPERATURE TRIP
b7	INCOMPLETE PARAMETER SENT TO MOTOR
b9	LOW INDOOR AIRFLOW
C1	LOW STAGE COOL - LEGACY MODE ONLY
C2	HIGH STAGE COOL - LEGACY MODE ONLY
P1	LOW STAGE HEAT PUMP HEAT - LEGACY MODE ONLY
P2	HIGH STAGE HEAT PUMP HEAT - LEGACY MODE ONLY
h1	EMERGENCY HEAT LOW - COMMUNICATING MODE ONLY
h2	EMERGENCY HEAT HIGH - COMMUNICATING MODE ONLY
FC	FAN COOL - COMMUNICATING MODE ONLY
FH	FAN HEAT - COMMUNICATING MODE ONLY
F	FAN ONLY
H1	ELECTRIC HEAT LOW
H2	ELECTRIC HEAT HIGH
dF	DEFROST - COMMUNICATING MODE ONLY (note: defrost is displayed as H1 in a legacy setup)
<p>GREEN CFM LED - EACH FLASH REPRESENTS 100CFM (USE FOR AIRFLOW APPROXIMATION ONLY) - EXAMPLE: 8 FLASHES = 800CFM</p> <p style="text-align: right;">0140A00079-A</p>	

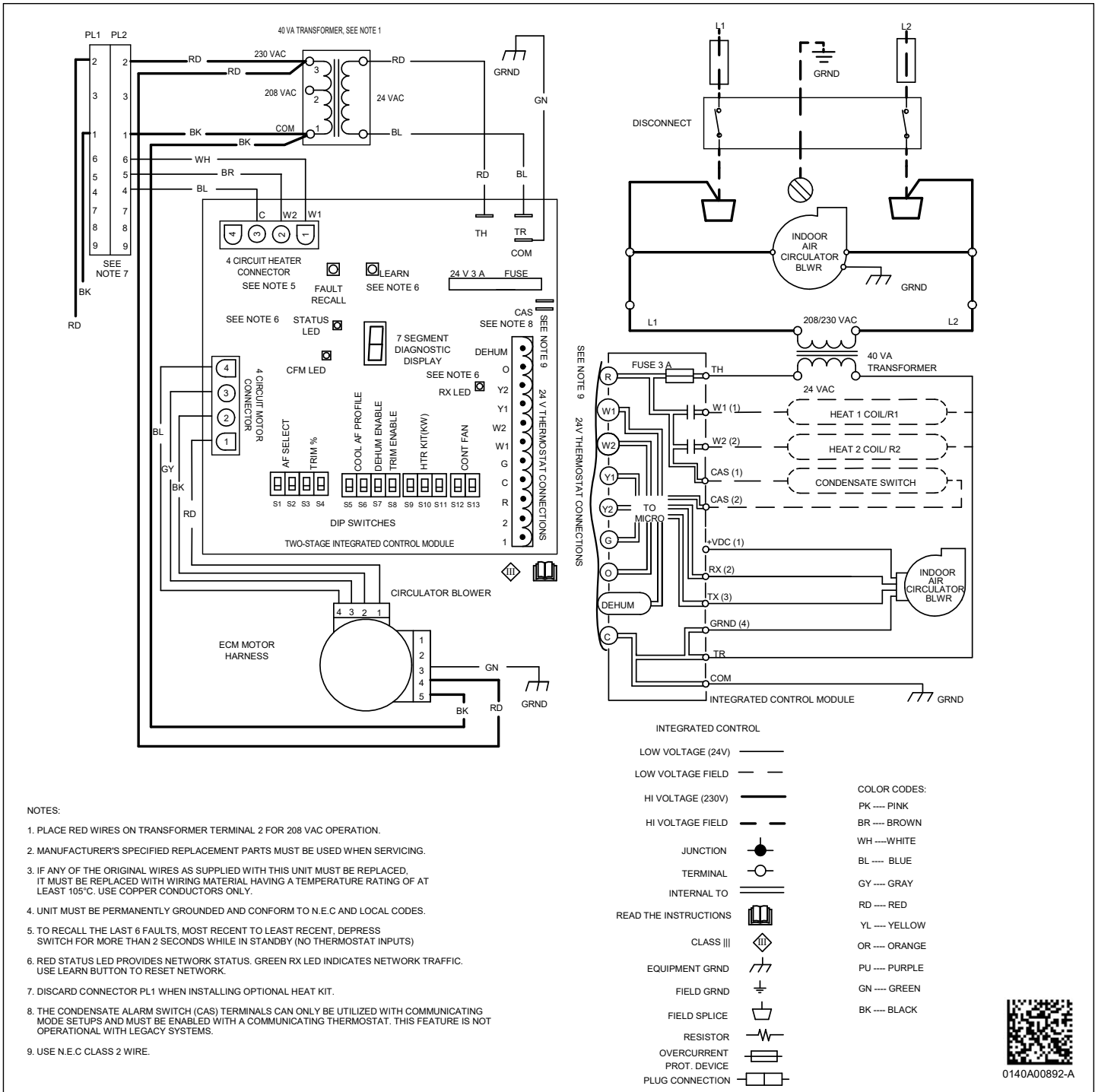
21 Wiring Diagram



WARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE!
DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT.
MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.





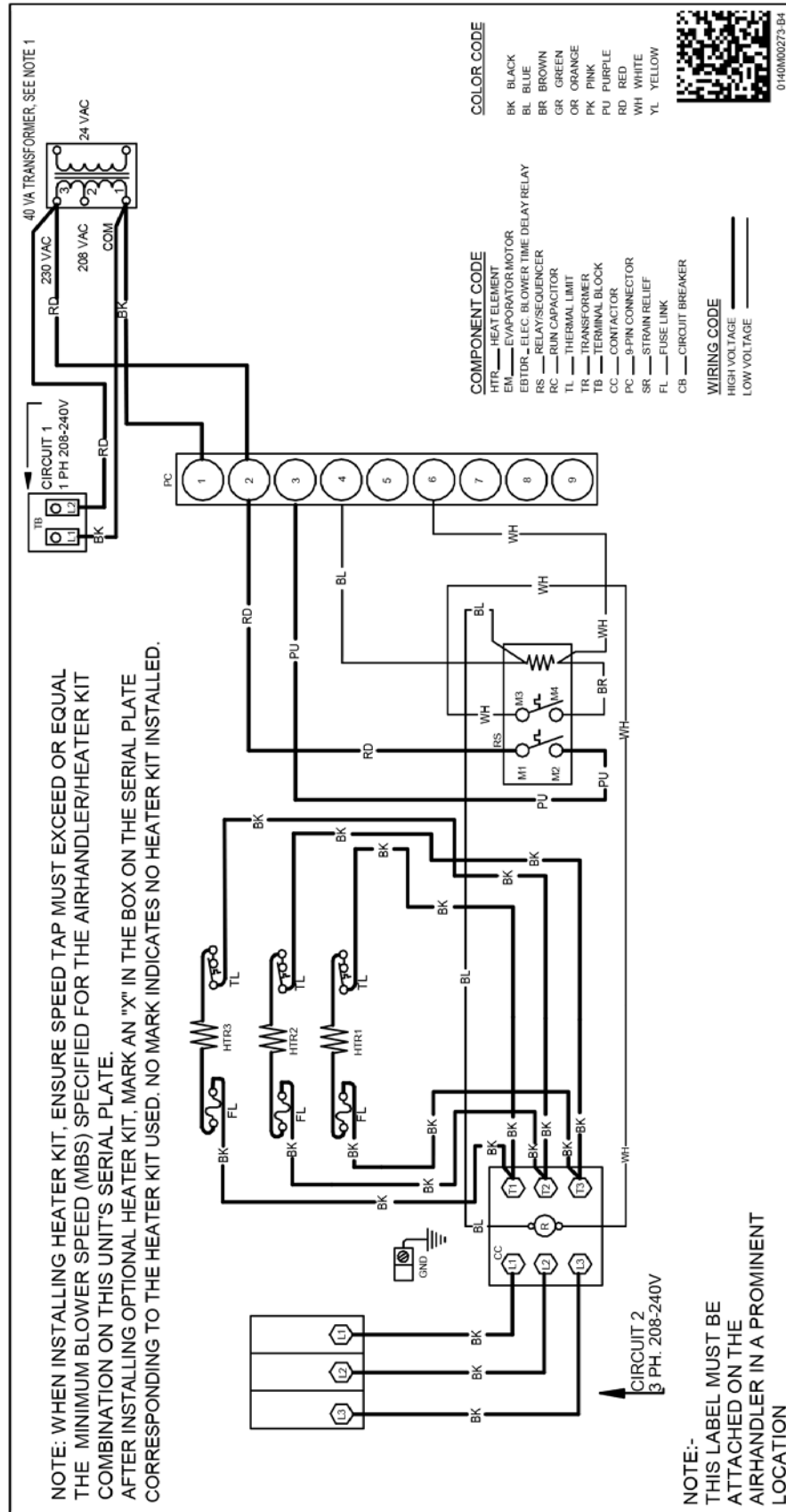
Wiring is subject to change. Always refer to the wiring diagram on the unit for the most up-to-date wiring.



WARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE!

DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT.
MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY
CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.



Wiring is subject to change. Always refer to the wiring diagram on the unit for the most up-to-date wiring.

AIR HANDLER

AIR HANDLER HOMEOWNER'S ROUTINE MAINTENANCE RECOMMENDATIONS

Replace or Clean Filter

IMPORTANT NOTE: Never operate unit without a filter installed as dust and lint will build up on internal parts resulting in loss of efficiency, equipment damage and possible fire.

An indoor air filter must be used with your comfort system. A properly maintained filter will keep the indoor coil of your comfort system clean. A dirty coil could cause poor operation and/or severe equipment damage.



Your air filter or filters could be located in your furnace, in a blower unit, or in "filter grilles" in your ceiling or walls. The installer of your air conditioner or heat pump can tell you where your filter(s) are, and how to clean or replace them.

Check your filter(s) at least once a month. When they are dirty, replace or clean as required. Disposable type filters should be replaced. Reusable type filters may be cleaned.

You may want to ask your dealer about high efficiency filters. High efficiency filters are available in both electronic and non-electronic types. These filters can do a better job of catching small airborne particles.

Motors

Indoor and outdoor fan motors are permanently lubricated and do not require additional oiling.

 WARNING	
<p>HIGH VOLTAGE DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.</p>	

ALUMINUM INDOOR COIL CLEANING


(QUALIFIED SERVICER ONLY)

This unit is equipped with an aluminum tube evaporator coil. The safest way to clean the evaporator coil is to simply flush the coil with water. This cleaning practice remains as the recommended cleaning method for both copper tube and aluminum tube residential evaporator coils.

It has been determined that many coil cleaners and drain pan tablets contain corrosive chemicals that can be harmful to aluminum tube and fin evaporator coils. Even a one-time application of these corrosive chemicals can cause premature aluminum evaporator coil failure. Any cleaners that contain corrosive chemicals including, but not limited to, chlorine and hydroxides, should not be used.

An alternate cleaning method is to use one of the products listed in TP-109* to clean the coils. The cleaners listed are the only agents deemed safe and approved for use to clean round tube aluminum coils. TP-109 is also available on the web site in Partner Link > Service Toolkit.

NOTE: Ensure coils are rinsed well after use of any chemical cleaners.

 CAUTION
<p>TO AVOID THE RISK OF EQUIPMENT DAMAGE OR FIRE, INSTALL THE SAME AMPERAGE BREAKER OR FUSE AS YOU ARE REPLACING. IF THE CIRCUIT BREAKER OR DUSE SHOULD OPEN AGAIN WITHIN THIRTY DAYS, CONTACT A QUALIFIED SERVICER TO CORRECT THE PROBLEM. IF YOU REPEATEDLY RESET THE BREAKER OR REPLACE THE FUSE WITHOUT HAVING THE PROBLEM CORRECTED, YOU RUN THE RISK OF SEVERE EQUIPMENT DAMAGE.</p>

BEFORE YOU CALL YOUR SERVICER

- Check the thermostat to confirm that it is properly set.
- Wait 15 minutes. Some devices in the outdoor unit or in programmable thermostats will prevent compressor operation for awhile, and then reset automatically. Also, some power companies will install devices which shut off air conditioners for several minutes on hot days. If you wait several minutes, the unit may begin operation on its own.
- Check the electrical panel for tripped circuit breakers or failed fuses. Reset the circuit breakers or replace fuses as necessary.
- Check the disconnect switch near the indoor furnace or blower to confirm that it is closed.
- Check for obstructions on the outdoor unit. Confirm that it has not been covered on the sides or the top. Remove any obstruction that can be safely removed. If the unit is covered with dirt or debris, call a qualified servicer to clean it.
- Check for blockage of the indoor air inlets and outlets. Confirm that they are open and have not been blocked by objects (rugs, curtains or furniture).
- Check the filter. If it is dirty, clean or replace it.
- Listen for any unusual noise(s), other than normal operating noise, that might be coming from the outdoor unit. If you hear unusual noise(s) coming from the unit, call a qualified servicer.

22 Start-Up Checklist

Air Handler / Coil			
	Model Number	_____	
	Serial Number	_____	
ELECTRICAL			
Line Voltage (Measure L1 and L2 Voltage)	L1 - L2	_____	
Secondary Voltage (Measure Transformer Output Voltage)	R - C	_____	
Blower Amps		_____	
Heat Strip 1 - Amps		_____	
Heat Strip 2 - Amps		_____	
BLOWER EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE			
Return Air Static Pressure		_____	IN. W.C.
Supply Air Static Pressure		_____	IN. W.C.
Total External Static Pressure (Ignoring +/- from the reading above, add total here)		_____	IN. W.C.
TEMPERATURES			
Return Air Temperature (Dry bulb / Wet bulb)		_____ DB °F	_____ WB °F
Cooling Supply Air Temperature (Dry bulb / Wet bulb)		_____ DB °F	_____ WB °F
Heating Supply Air Temperature		_____ DB °F	
Temperature Rise		_____ DB °F	
Delta T (Difference between Supply and Return Temperatures)		_____ DB °F	
Air Handler / Coil - (Inverter Matched)			
INVERTER AH / COIL ONLY			
Check EEV and EEV wiring is secure (no adjustment required)		_____	
Additional Checks			
Check wire routings for any rubbing		_____	
Check product for proper draining		_____	
Check screw tightness on blower wheel		_____	
Check factory wiring and wire connections		_____	
Check product for proper clearances as noted by installation instructions		_____	
°F to °C formula: $(^{\circ}\text{F} - 32) \text{ divided by } 1.8 = ^{\circ}\text{C}$ °C to °F formula: $(^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ multiplied by } 1.8) + 32 = ^{\circ}\text{F}$			

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CUSTOMER FEEDBACK

Daikin Comfort Technologies is very interested in all product comments.

Please fill out the feedback form on the following link:

<https://daikincomfort.com/contact-us>

You can also scan the QR code on the right to be directed to the feedback page.



PRODUCT REGISTRATION

Thank you for your recent purchase. Though not required to get the protection of the standard warranty, registering your product is a relatively short process, and entitles you to additional warranty protection, except that failure by California and Quebec residents to register their product does not diminish their warranty rights. The duration of warranty coverages in Texas differs in some cases.

For Product Registration, please register by following this link:

<https://daikincomfort.com/owner-support/product-registration>

You can also scan the QR code on the right to be directed to the Product Registration page.



Our continuing commitment to quality products may mean a change in specifications without notice.

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