



VRV Reference Guide



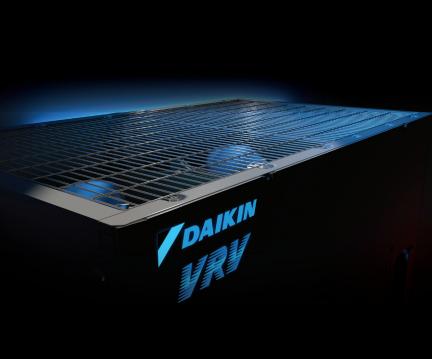


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The Features and Benefits of VRV

A VRV system is similar to a chiller but circulates refrigerant to each zone instead of water

A *VRV* heat pump system has performance and design attributes similar to a 2 pipe chiller

A *VRV* heat recovery system has performance and design attributes similar to a 4 pipe chiller system

- » Industry Leadership since 1982, VRV is a registered Trademark (TM)
- » 10 development series and 6 generations of VRV technology
- » Scalable project opportunities with modular design
- » Broad coverage of most vertical markets and climates
- » Tested and Rated in accordance with AHRI Std 1230
- » Individual zone control for Advanced zoning capabilities
- » Can operate up to 64 indoor fan coil units
- » Continuous heating during defrost operation+
- » Flexible piping configurations to meet a variety of building needs
- » Excellent energy efficiency, especially at part load conditions (IEER)
- » Daikin's optimized scroll compressor designed for R-410A provides a quiet, reliable energy-efficient operation
- » Anti-corrosion treatment standard on exterior metal parts and heat exchanger
- » Fully compatible with the complete Daikin control suite including the intelligent Touch Manager (iTM)
- » Tie in to open protocol Building Automation systems through Modbus[®], LonWorks[®] and BACnet[™] gateways
- » 10-Year Limited Parts Warranty*



- + On select model, refer to product technical document for details.
- * Complete warranty details are available from your local Daikin manufacturer's representative or distributor or online at www.daikinac.com.

The Features and Benefits of VRV

The benefits of VRV equipment can be categorized by three core features:

Simple Modular Design









Indoor Units

The ease of both design and installation has been a major factor in the success of VRV in the global market. Simple methodology sees VRV regularly utilized in all project sizes from 2 ton to several 1,000 ton.

Ultra-High Energy Efficiencies



Direct expansion systems (those that use refrigerant to directly condition the space) provide an extremely efficient method of heat exchange.

Inverter controlled compressors also ensure optimized system performance.

Optimum refrigerant & system control sees Daikin VRV far exceed industry energy efficiency requirements.

Exceptional Comfort control











Simplified Room Controller

Room or Group

Central Controller

BMS Interface

Monitoring

From controlling temperature in individual areas to the remote monitoring and control of multiple sites, the Daikin VRV system has a wealth of propriety control options to cover all end user requirements and ensuring exceptional levels of comfort control.

System Diversity vs Connection Ratio

Optimizing VRV System Selection

- » The most successful users of VRV equipment understand the importance of a fully optimized design
- » A key factor that ensures optimized VRV equipment selection is to understand the correlation between SYSTEM DIVERSITY & CONNECTION RATIO

A fully optimized design can realize a number of benefits:

- » Cheaper equipment & installations costs
- » Less outdoor unit footprint
- » A greater energy efficient system
- » Far better control of room temperature
- » A significant increase in the probability of winning a project



Peak Loads & Block Loads

The first step to optimization is to understand the different load demands of the equipment to be selected:

| Unit Type | Selection Scope | Selection Approach |
|-----------|-----------------|---|
| | PEAK Load | Each Indoor unit should be sized to deliver the PEAK load (total and/or sensible) of the area it is to serve, at the entering air design conditions, determined by the building load calculations |
| | BLOCK Load | Outdoor units should be selected to meet the BLOCK Cooling & Heating capacities (The maximum simultaneous load demand of all attached indoor units at a given time of day) determined by the same LOAD Calculations |

System Diversity & Connection Ratio - What's the Difference?

Connection Ratio:

» Both indoor & outdoor units have a Capacity Index number (e.g. FXMQ30PBVJU indoor unit & RXYQ192TTJU outdoor unit)



» This ratio is defined as a percentage:

Example: $8 \times FXMQ30P$ connected to $1 \times RXYQ192 = 240 / 192 = 1.25$

- Therefore the Connection Ratio = 125%

System Diversity:

System DIVERSITY is the difference between the Maximum System Load demand and the Maximum Capacity of the outdoor unit, at design conditions

- » The VRV WebXpress tool can define diversity also as a percentage Example: 8 x FXMQ30 connected to 1 x RXYQ168
 - Maximum Load required at any given time: 170,269 btu
 - Maximum Capacity of the ODU at design conditions: 166.315 btu
 - VRV defines the DIVERSITY of the system at: -2%
- » In this example, if the maximum load is called for, the outdoor unit will fall short of demand by 3,954btu – This VRV design has a 2% system diversity

In Summary:

Connection Ratio does NOT indicate the diversity of a *VRV* system. Use of the *VRV* xpress selection tool will indicate clearly if selected *VRV* equipment has a system diversity or not.

Project Design Criteria

Before selection of any VRV system, a minimum amount of information is required for accurate equipment selection and to apply an optimized design.

For an accurate selection of indoor units the following information is required:

| PEAK | PEAK | DESIGN AIR |
|--|--|---|
| Cooling Loads | Heating Loads | Conditions |
| Engineers will usually provide both Total & Sensible loads which should be entered However it is possible to select equipment using only Total or Sensible load | » Required when either Heating is the dominant operation or the heating design condition is below 32°F | » The dry & wet bulb temperature entering the coil » Also known as "air-on" or "mixed air" conditions » Nominal conditions are typically 80°F db & 67°F wb but rarely reflect actual conditions » Design air-on can also be given as db/RH% (e.g. 74°F & 50% RH) |

| For an accurate selection of outdoor u | nits the following information is required: |
|---|---|
| AMBIENT Conditions | PIPE LENGTH |
| » The design ambient temperature for the location of the project | » The estimated distance between the outdoor unit and the furthest indoor unit |
| » Both engineers and D&B contractors should have this information | » This is the linear length from one point to another NOT the total amount of piping |
| » If this information is not at hand then use ASHRAE standard design conditions | » Both engineers and D&B con- tractors should be able to pin point the outdoor unit location |
| for the location | » Be sure to calculate and include the vertical height between outdoor & furthest indoor unit |

Connection Ratio Limits

| SYSTEM | | AIR-COOLED | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---|------------|------|-------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| TYPE | | VRV-IV (X) | | VRV-S | When used with Gas Furnace | | | | | |
| Indoor Unit Type | When using only FXDQ, FXAQ FXSQ-07~54 FXMQ(P) | | | All IDU models | All IDU models | | | | | |
| Single Module | 180% 200% | | 130% | | | | | | | |
| Dual Module 200% | | 160% | 160% | | 130% | | | | | |
| Triple Module | | 130% | 130% | N/A | | | | | | |

Notes:

- 1. Minimum connection ratio for Class 72 (6 ton) models is 70%
- 2. Minimum Connection Ratio for all other standard Air-Cooled and Water-Cooled models: 50%.
- When systems are designed to >130% connection ratio, indoor units in thermo ON are set to low fan speed by default. This function can be overridden at commissioning stage, if desired.

| SYSTEM | | AIR-COOLED | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---|---|---------------------------------------|---|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| TYPE | V | RV EMERION | | VRV AURORA | | | | | | |
| Indoor Unit Type | When using only FXDQ, FXAQ FXSQ-07~54 FXMQ(P) | When using at least one FXSQ-05, FXZQ-05 FXFQ-07/09 | All other indoor unit models | When using only FXDQ, FXAQ FXSQ-07~54 FXMQ(P) | When using at least one FXSQ-05, FXZQ-05 FXFQ-07/09 | All other indoor unit models | | | | |
| Single Module | 200% | 180% | 200% (180% on 14-20 TON) | 200% | 180% | 200% | | | | |
| Dual Module | | 160% | 160% | | 160% | 160% | | | | |

Note: Minimum Connection Ratio for all VRV AURORA models is 70%



Connection Ratio Limits

| SYSTEM TYPE | | WATER-COOLED T-SERIES | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Indoor Unit Type | AII FXDQ AII FXMQ(P) AII FXAQ | All FXTQ FXZQ-05T FXFQ-07 & 09 | All other units |
| Single Module | | | 150% |
| Dual Module | 150% | 130% (120% on 36 Ton) | 130% |
| Triple Module | | | 130% (120% on 36 Ton) |

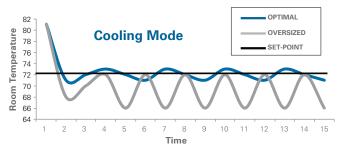
Generally, IDU capacity indexes correspond to IDU unit sizes The exception to this rule are the 3 smallest units in the range:

Capacity Index Table

| | Indoor Unit Size | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|------------------|-----|----|----|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----|----|----|----|----|
| 5 | 7 | 9 | 12 | 15 | 18 | 24 | 30 | 36 | 42 | 48 | 54 | | 72 | |
| | | | | | ndoo | r Uni | t Cap | acity | Index | (| | | | |
| 5.8 | 7.5 | 9.5 | 12 | 15 | 18 | 24 | 30 | 36 | 42 | 48 | 54 | 60 | 72 | 96 |

Despite advanced control methods, oversizing of equipment, even with Variable Refrigerant Volume technology, can lead to indoor units overcooling the space and cycling on and off. This results in poor temperature control.

In addition to large temperature swings, an indoor unit that cycles on and off does not provide continuous de-humidification. This can lead to higher humidity levels than desired.

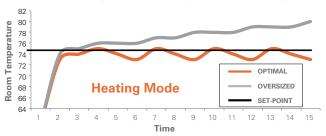


Oversized for heating

In areas of very cold climates, there is a temptation to 'up-size' indoor units in the belief that this ensures capacity in extreme conditions below design temperature

The reality is correct load calculation and good design ensures the best performance

In heating mode, the expansion device never fully closes. Therefore a unit that continuously cycles on and off will, in time, see a steady increase in temperature above Set-point





| | | AIR-COOLED | | | | | | | COOLED |
|--|-------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|--|---|
| PIPING LIMITATIONS Liquid Line Max (ft) | | VRV EMERION Heat Recovery | VRV IV Heat Pump | VRV IV Heat Recovery | VRV AURORA Low Ambient | VRV IV-S (3 Ton) | VRV IV-S (4 & 5 Ton) | <i>VRV</i> / <i>V-W</i> (6 & 7 Ton) | VRV IV-W (8, 10 , & 12 Ton) |
| A | Vertical Drop | 164 (361) ⁴ | 164 (295) ¹ | 164 (295) ¹ | 164 (295) ¹ | 98 | 98 | 164 | 164 |
| B | Between IDU | 100 | 100 | 100 (49) ³ | 100 (49) ³ | 33 | 49 | 49 | 98 |
| © | Vertical Rise | 130 (361) ¹ | 130 (295) ¹ | 130 (195) ¹ | 130 (295) ¹ | 98 | 98 | 130 | 130 |
| 0 | From 1st Joint | 130 (295) ² | 130 (295) ² | 130 (295) ² | 130 (295) ² | 130 | 130 | 130 | 295 |
| E | Linear Length | 540 | 540 | 540 | 540 | 164 | 230 | 390 | 540 |
| | Total Network | 3280 | 3280 | 3280 | 1640 | 820 | 984 | 980 | 980 |

¹ Setting adjustment on condensing unit required.

⁴ When height exceeds 295ft, in addition to setting adjustment, additional conditions may need to be met. Refer to installation manual.



² Fan coil distance differentials must be met.

³ When linear length exceeds 390ft, AND when IDU to IDU height differential exceeds 49ft, an operational setting adjustment is required. An increase in refrigerants noise may occur.

Voltages and Maximum IDU Connections

| AIR- | ν | RV EN | 1ERIO | N | VRV-IV (X) | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|--------------|------------------|-----------|------------------------|--------------|------------------|-----------|------------------------|--------------|------------------|-----------|--|----|
| COOLED | HEAT RECOVERY | | | HE | HEAT RECOVERY | | | | AT PU | IMP | | | | |
| Capacity MBH (Tn) | Voltage | # of Modules | # of Compressors | Max. #IDU | Voltage | # of Modules | # of Compressors | Max. #IDU | Voltage | # of Modules | # of Compressors | Max. #IDU | | |
| 72 (6) | | | 1 | 12 | | | | 12 | | | | 12 | | |
| 96 (8) | | | | 16 | | | | 16 | | | 1 | 16 | | |
| 120 (10) | | | | 20 | 757 | | | 20 | 75/ | | | 20 | | |
| 144 (12) | | | | 25 | 208-230V ~ 460V ~ 575V | | | 25 | 208-230V ~ 460V ~ 575V | | | 25 | | |
| 168 (14) | | | 2 | 2 | | 29 | 8 | | | 29 | > | | | 29 |
| 192 (16) | > | | | 33 | - 46 | | | 33 | 46 | | 2 | 33 | | |
| 216 (18) | 46 | | | 37 | \ \ \ \ | | | 37 | 00 | | | 37 | | |
| 240 (20) | > | | | 41 | 3-23 | | | 41 | 3-23 | | | 41 | | |
| 264 (22) | -230 | | | 45 | 208 | | 2 | 45 | 208 | 2 | 3 | 45 | | |
| 288 (24) | 208 | | | 49 | se: | | | 49 | Se: | | | 49 | | |
| 312 (26) | se: | | | 54 | Phase: | | | 54 | 3 Phase: | | 4 | 54 | | |
| 336 (28) | Phase: 208-230V ~ 460V | | | 58 | 8 | | | 58 | 3 | | | 58 | | |
| 360 (30) | ₋ | | | 62 | | | | 62 | | | 3 | 62 | | |
| 384 (32) | | | 4 | 64 | | | | 64 | | 3 | 4 | 64 | | |
| 408 (34) | | | | 64 | 230V | | 3 | 64 | 230V 460V | | 5 | 64 | | |
| 432 (36) | | | | 64 | 460V only | | | 64 | | | | | | |
| 456 (38) | | | | 64 | only | | | 64 | | | | | | |
| 480 (40) | | | | 64 | | | | | | | | | | |

Capacity Range

| AIR- | ı | VRV AURORA | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|------------------|------------|--|--|
| COOLED | ŀ | | UMP 8 VERY | k | | |
| Capacity MBH (Tn) | Voltage | # of Modules | # of Compressors | Max. # IDU | | |
| 72 (6) | ~ | | | 12 | | |
| 96 (8) | .230 5V* | | 1 | 16 | | |
| 120 (10) | 208- | | | 20 | | |
| 144 (12) | 3 Phase: 208-230V 460V ~ 575V* | | | 25 | | |
| 192 (16) | ² ha: | | 2 | 33 | | |
| 240 (20) | 3 | | | 41 | | |

| AIR- | | VR | v-s | |
|----------------------|----------------------|--------------|------------------|----------|
| COOLED | | HEAT | PUMP | |
| Capacity MBH (Tn) | Voltage | # of Modules | # of Compressors | Max.#IDU |
| 36 (3) | 1 Phase: 208-230V | | | 6 |
| 48 (4) | Pha 8-2; | | | 8 |
| 60 (5) | 1 20 | | | 9 |

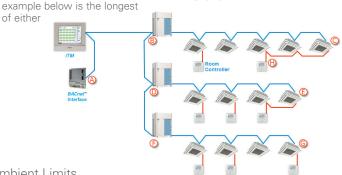
| WATER- COOLED | HEAT PUMP & RECOVERY | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|------------------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Capacity MBH (Tn) | Voltage | # of Modules | # of Compressors | Max. # IDU | | | | | |
| 72 (6)* | | | | 12 | | | | | |
| 84 (7)* | İ | | | 14 | | | | | |
| 96 (16) | 1 | | 20 | | | | | | |
| 120 (20) | * | | | 25 | | | | | |
| 144 (25) | 75V | | | 30 | | | | | |
| 168 (14)* | \ \ | | | 29 | | | | | |
| 192 (16) | 600 | | 2 | 41 | | | | | |
| 216 (18) | 7 √ | 2 | | 46 | | | | | |
| 240 (20) | Phase: 208-230V ~ 460V ~ 575V* | | | 51 | | | | | |
| 264 (22) | 8-2 | | | 56 | | | | | |
| 288 (24) | . 50 | | | 61 | | | | | |
| 312 (26) | ase | | | 64 | | | | | |
| 336 (28) | 3 Ph | 3 Ph | | 64 | | | | | |
| 360 (30) | ľ | 3 | 3 | 64 | | | | | |
| 384 (32) | | | | 64 | | | | | |
| 408 (34) | | | | 64 | | | | | |
| 432 (36) | | | | 64 | | | | | |

^{*}PC series

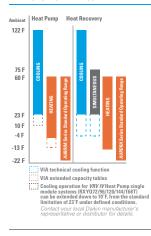
Wiring Parameters

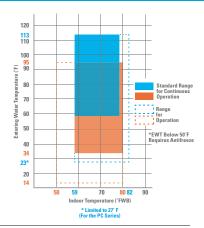
Communication Wiring should be:

- » 18-16 3AWG stranded
- » No polarity
- » No shielding
- » Maximum linear distance = 3280 ft.
- Maximum total distance = 6560 ft.
- » Maximum linear distance in the
- » (A) to (C), (A) to (E), (A) to (G) or (C) to (G)
- » Maximum total distance is (A to F) + (B to C) + (D to E) + (F to G)
- » Each local controller (H to C) can run up to a distance of 1640 ft



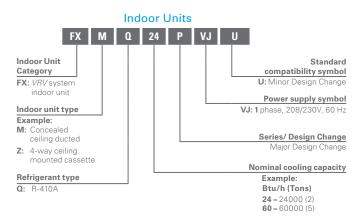
Ambient Limits

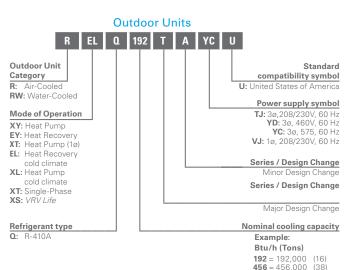




Nomenclature

How to Read Model Number

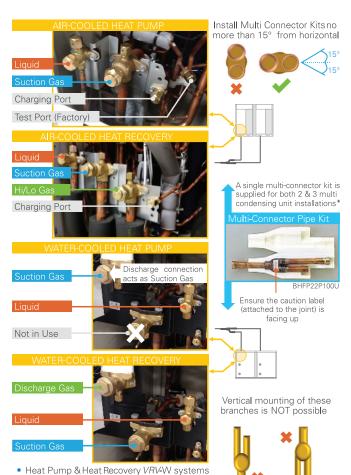




Condensing Unit Pipe Connections

use the same condensing unit models

With Heat Pump installations, Discharge (Hi/Lo) Gas connection becomes Suction Gas



* VRV EMERION multi-modules require this optional reducer kit

Branch Selector Box Connections



Pipe reducers are provided with each box for when the connection does not match the required pipe size (either upstream or downstream). DO NOT DISCARD any accessory until it is clear they are not required

NOTE: Any pipe reducers required



Suction gas pipe (Site piping) High/low pressure gas pipe (Site piping) > Liquid pipe (Site piping)

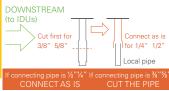


are field supply

Branch Gas pipe (Site piping) Liquid pipe (Site piping)



- Single & multi-port box pipe orders differ
- All piping on BS boxes are female connectors



Suction Gas H Hi/Lo Gas

When larger indoor units (72 & 96 MBH) models) are connected to a multi-port box a "twinning" joint is required to join 2 ports

Port Twinning Options: A & B C & D E&F G & H 1 & J K & L



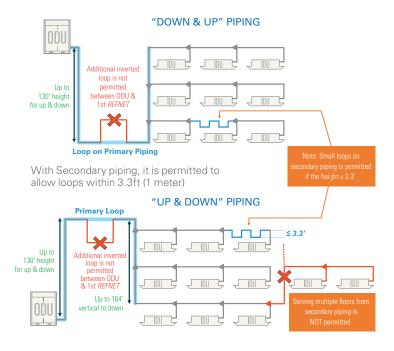
| | В | ranch Selec | tor unit (top) | |
|----------------------|--------|-------------|----------------|------------|
| UPSTREAM (to ODU) | Unit D | Unit C | Unit B | Unit A |
| . (10 02 0) | Gas r | pipe (*1) | | Liquid pir |

| | | | Liquid |
|---------|--------|--------|--------|
| BS4Q54 | 7/8" | 3/4" | 3/8" |
| BS6Q54 | 1 1/8" | 3/4" | 1/2" |
| BS8Q54 | 1 1/8" | 3/4" | 1/2" |
| BS10Q54 | 1 1/8" | 1 1/8" | 5/8" |
| BS12Q54 | 1 1/8" | 1 1/8" | 5/8" |

What constitutes an oil trap?

Most limitations applied to *VRV* piping are need to ensure adequate oil return to the compressor. Minimizing potential oil traps is a key component of a good install. To understand what constitutes an oil trap, different rules apply to PRIMARY & SECONDARY piping. Primary piping runs from the ODU to the furthest branch (or multiport box). All other piping is considered SECONDARY.

If an application demands, it is possible to run Primary piping vertically up & down (or down & up) within the maximum standard vertical limitations:

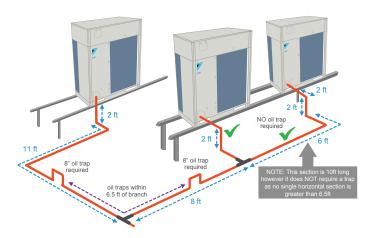


Once Secondary piping branches horizontally from the Primary piping, it is NOT permitted to serve IDU's on multiple levels, from that Secondary piping. This applies to both scenarios shown above.

What constitutes and oil trap?

Oil Trap Requirements (Multi-module systems)

When 2 or 3 HP or HR ODU's units are linked together on a single refrigerant circuit, oil equalization is an important consideration. This diagram illustrates when and where oil traps are required



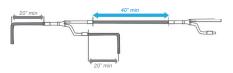
- » Oil traps are required on gas pipe (plus hi/lo pipe on HR) when a single horizontal pipe length from branch to branch, or branch to unit, exceeds 6.5 ft
- » Oil traps must be 8" loop minimum
- » Any oil trap must be positioned within 6.5 ft upstream from branch to unit

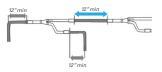
Note: Image above is for illustrative purposes only. VRV-IV = max. 3 x ODU VRV EMERION = max. 2 x ODU

Minimum Piping Lengths

As is standard, all fixings (REFNETs, boxes, fan coils, etc.) require minimum lengths of straight pipe from pipe bends and from each other (e.g. REFNET to REFNET). These distances ensure a laminar flow of refrigerant through the system.

However, a minimum length of 12" straight pipe from pipe bends AND from each terminal is acceptable, if the possibility of increased refrigerant noise is not critical.





REFNET Branch Pipe Kits

All Daikin *VRV* systems are supplied with *REFNET* branch kits which must be used in installation. Each branch has varying diameters for the different pipe sizes that need to connect to it. Cut the pipe accordingly.



Vertical installation of *REFNETs* is acceptable on vertical pipe runs



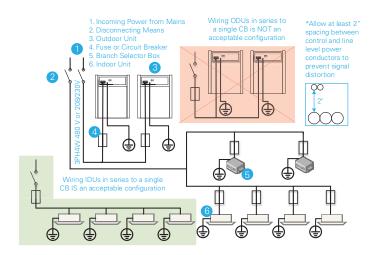
On horizontal runs, ensure all *REFNET* lie flat in the horizontal plane



Install the REFNET no more than 30° from the horizontal plane



Electrical Wiring



NEC requires all IDU Fan Coils be connected to a 15A fuse breaker by default, though multiple can be connected to the same circuit. The chart below can be used to determine the amount of units that can be strung together.

Indoor Unit Model

| | | FXF | | | ZQ. | | UQ | | EQ | | FXDQ FX | | FXMQ-PB FXMQ-M | | | | FXHQ | | FXLQ | | FXTQ-TA | | FXSQ | | |
|----------|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|-----|----------------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|---------|-----|------|-----|-----|
| | | FLA | MCA | FLA | MCA | FLA | MCA | FLA | MCA | FLA | MCA | FLA | MCA | FLA | MCA | FLA | MCA |
| | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.8 |
| | 7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.8 |
| | 9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.8 |
| _ | 11 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.8 |
| = | 15 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1.4 |
| \pm | 18 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1.6 |
| <u>B</u> | 24 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1.8 |
| Φ | 30 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1.8 |
| Siz | 36 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2.5 |
| 0) | 41 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 48 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2.8 |
| | 54 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 3.3 |
| | 60 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 71 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 96 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.6 | 10.7 | | | | | | | | | | |

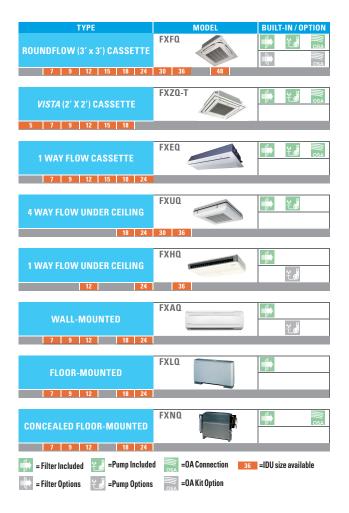
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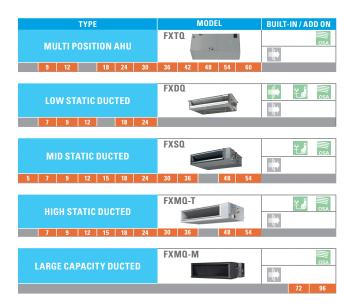
Indoor Unit Range

Sizes & Accessories Available of all IDU's



Indoor Unit Range

Sizes & Accessories Available of all IDU's



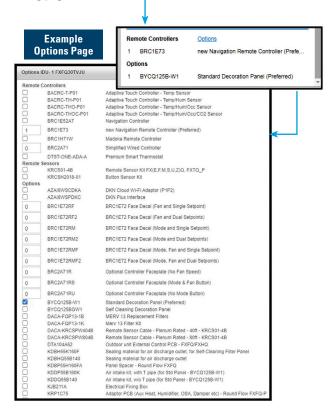
A-Coil & Gas Furnace units will always be selected together.

Refer to selection tool to determine which combination is both suitable and acceptable.



Accessories

The best location to find a comprehensive list of accessories for each unit type is via the WEBXpress selection tool. Default (automatically selected) accessories are listed at the bottom of the unit 'properties' window. Click on the Options tab of any item to reveal the following page:



CASSETTE UNITS provide the best combination of economic installation with a good level of flexible project design. Fresh air supply is possible but limited.

Considerations:

- » Is there a ceiling void space?
- » What is the height of the void space?
- » What type of ceiling (grid or hardboard)?*
- » Is there a requirement to introduce fresh air?

Note: In hard-board ceilings, service hatches are required

| Cassette Rai | Model Size | In-Ceiling Height | Approx. Air Throw | Maximum Outside Air | | |
|--------------|------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| | | 07 ~ 30 | 10" | 16 ft. | 20% of unit | |
| | FXFQ | 36-48 | 11¾" | (per outlet) | air flow rate* | |
| | FXZQ-T | All | 11¾" | 12 ft. (per outlet) | 3% of unit air flow rate | |
| | FXUQ | All | 0 ~ 21/4" (sits below ceiling) | 17 ft. (per outlet) | N/A | |
| | FXEQ | All | 10" | 15ft | 15% of unit air flow rate | |

^{*}requires outdoor air kit (or else only 3% maximum)

Note: Air throws are subjective. The data provided here is for guideline purposes only.

| Application Examples | FXZQ-T FXFQ FXUQ FXEQ |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|
|----------------------|--------------------------------|

Small Offices – 2' x 2' ceiling grids – Corridors Large open plan areas – Shallow Void Spaces Retail Outlets – Restricted or No Void Spaces Hotel Bedrooms – Retail – Corridors

DUCTED units offer the ultimate in flexibility of design, air distribution and integration of ventilation. It also tends to be the most expensive installed cost option. However cost can be minimized by serving multiple rooms with a single unit — the loss of individual room units can be countered with thoughtful control design.

Considerations:

- » Is there a ceiling void space?
- » What is the height of the void space?
- » What level of ESP is likely to be required
- » Is there a requirement to introduce ventilation into the space via the FCU?
- » What level of control is required?

Note: Multiple rooms can be served by one unit (See DZK control section)

| Ducted Rai | ngo | Model | In-Ceiling | ES | P | Maximum | |
|------------|----------|---------|----------------------------------|----------|-------|-----------------------------|--|
| Ducteu na | iye | Size | Height | Standard | Max | Outside Air | |
| | FXDQ | 07 ~ 12 | 7 ⁷ /8" | 0.04" | 0.12" | | |
| | FXDU | 18 ~ 24 | 7 /8 | 0.06" | 0.17" | | |
| | FXSQ | 05 ~ 48 | 911/16" | 0.20" | 0.60" | 20% of units air flow | |
| | | 54 | 3 716 | | 0.56" | | |
| | FXMQ-T | 15 ~ 48 | 10" | 0.40" | 0.80" | rate | |
| | FAIVIU-I | 54 | 10 | 0.40" | 0.56" | | |
| | | | | 0.96" | | | |
| | Г | | 18 ¹ / ₈ " | 1.03" | | | |

Application Examples FXSQ FXMQ-T FXMQ-M

Most applications – Multiple room zoning

Large open plan areas – High ESP requirements

Bulkheads – Hotels – Assisted Living

CONCEALED units offer the opportunity to hide away the equipment when there is no ceiling void but the client does not wish to use exposed units or else has similar equipment existing and sees the benefit of retro fitting with minimum disruption and expense.

In areas where heating is the primary role of the system, floor standing units are sometimes installed around the perimeter of a building for optimum air flow.

Considerations:

- » Is there an existing unitary type system?
- » Is heating the primary requirement?
- » Does the client prefer not to 'see' the units?
- » Is there a requirement to introduce fresh air?

| Conceale | Model | Height | Max. WG | Typical O.A. | |
|----------|-------|---------|------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| | FXNQ | | 24 | Minimal | 10% air flow rate* |
| | | 09 - 36 | 45" | | |
| 10 | FXTQ | 42 - 48 | 53 ½" | 0.9" | 20% air flow |
| 3 | | 54 - 60 | 58" | | rate* |

^{*}Via underside - no duct

| Application | FXNQ | Perimeter Heating – Hallways |
|-------------------|------|--|
| Examples Examples | FXTQ | Single & Multi Family Residential – Closet spaces – Retrofits |

EXPOSED units usually offer the client the most economical installed cost solution on a *VRV* system. These types of units are most often used when there are budget constraints or where an area has no void space/enclosure to conceal other unit types. None of these units have integral condensate pumps fitted.

Considerations:

- » How big is the space?
- » Where can the unit be located?
- » Is piping / condensate run clear?
- » Is the client accepting of exposed units?

| Exposed Units | | Model | Approx. Air Throw | Max. WG | Typical O.A. |
|---------------|------|-------|----------------------|---------|--------------|
| | FXHQ | All | 20' | | |
| | FXAQ | All | 13' | N/A | NONE |
| | FXLQ | All | 7' | | |

| | FXHQ | Classrooms – Retail – Restaurants |
|----------------------|------|---------------------------------------|
| Application Examples | FXAQ | Hotels – Small Offices |
| | FXLQ | Perimeter heating – Condos – Churches |

Note: Air throws are subjective. The data provided here is for guideline purposes only.

Zoning VRV Systems with DZK

VRV Meets VAV - Features & Benefits



DZK - Daikin Zoning Kit

The DZK solution increases the flexibility of *VRV* applications by allowing multiple zones to be served by one indoor unit fan coil while still providing individual temperature control.

Up to 6 separate dampers supply variable air flow to the zones in response to individual zone thermostats.

Zoning Box

The zoning box is a plenum with motorized dampers that constantly modulate the conditioned air flow into each zone through standard ductwork, in response to the demand from the individual zone thermostat





Wired Thermostat

The main thermostat is a wired color touch display master unit used to configure the DZK system. It can also be used as the thermostat for one or all of the zones.

Wireless Thermostat

The Wireless thermostat is a battery powered, touch display unit that is used for one zone. Each zone thermostat monitors and allows the user to select a comfortable room temperature, and program or adjust the control functions for the room.





Wireless Lite Thermostat

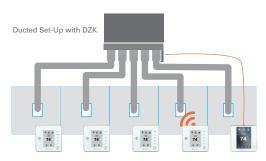
This is a simplified wireless controller that allows a 3 degree differential (higher and lower) from a default temperature Set-point interface

DZK BACnet™ Hub

The DZK BACnet Hub allows individual room control via Wi-Fi, BACnet IP or BACnet MSTP



Zoning VRV Systems with DZK



Advantages

- » Reduces system hardware cost fewer Indoor units required
- » Increases comfort levels by allowing more individual zone control
- » Reduces installation expense and maintenance costs
- » Reduces the amount of refrigerant required in the installation
- » Increases the flexibility of the VRV application design

| | | DZKS Zoning Box Range for FXSQ Units | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|---|----------|---------------------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Product Reference | DZKS015E-4 DZKS015E- | | DZKS015E-4 DZKS015E-4 DZKS030E-4 DZKS030E-4 | | DZKS048E-4 DZKS048E | | | | | | |
| Compatible Ducted Unit | FXSC | 115TA | FXSQ18 | 3 ~ 30TA | FXSQ36 ~ 48TA | | | | | | |
| No. of Air Duct Outlets | 3 x ø8" | 4 x ø6" | 4 x ø8" | 5 x ø6" | 4 x ø8" | 6 x ø6" | | | | | |
| Number of Zones | 2 to 3 | 2 to 4 | 2 to 4 | 2 to 5 | 2 to 4 | 2 to 6 | | | | | |

| | DZKS Zoning Box Range for FXMQ Units | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------|---------------------|-----------|
| Product Reference | DZK030E-4 | DZK030E-4 | DZK048E-4 | DZK048E-4 |
| Compatible Ducted Unit | FXMQ15PB ~ FXMQ24PB | | FXMQ30PB ~ FXMQ54PB | |
| No. of Air Duct Outlets | 4 x ø8" | 5 x ø6" | 4 x ø8" | 6 x ø6" |
| Number of Zones | 2 to 4 | 2 to 5 | 2 to 4 | 2 to 6 |

Note: BRC1E73 controller is required for indoor unit commissioning





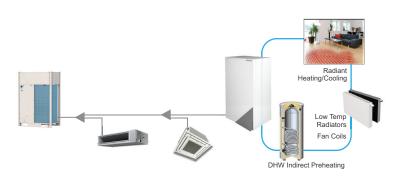
- » The Hydrobox makes it possible to incorporate several different types of hydronic heating/cooling methods onto a VRV system
- » Available as a 48MBH (4 ton) unit on single module VRVIV-X ODU type heat pump & single and multi module for heat recovery
- » Heating leaving water temperatures up to 113°F (between -4°F to 68°F ambient)
- » Cooling leaving water temperatures down to 41°F (between 50°F to 109°F ambient)

Model Reference

HXY

48 TA

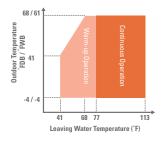
VJU



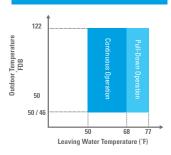
| VRV ODU Tonnage | 6 8 10 12 1 | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Minimum VRV IDU Connection Ratio | ≥50% | | | | | |
| Max Hydro Units | 1 2 | | | | | |
| Total Connection Ratio Range | onnection Ratio Range 50 | | | | | |

Note: Heat Pump is restricted to single module applications. Multi-module Heat recovery applications will allow greater number of units to be added based on the combined tonnages listed above.

HEATING OPERATION RANGE



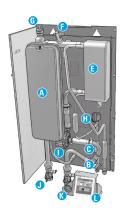
COOLING OPERATION RANGE





Main Control Functions

- » Wall or unit mounted
- » Temperature Display and Adjust Buttons
 - Leaving Water Temperature
 - Room Temperature
- » Temperatures display (in Celsius only)
- » Schedule Timer (up to 5 schedules/day)
- » Auto Setback Function
- » Field Setting Display
- » Error Code Display



Build and Components

- A Expansion Tank
- Water Strainer
- Safety Relief Valve
- Inverter WaterSupply
- Brazed Plate Refrigerant to Water Heat Exchanger
- Flow Switch
- Auto Air Vent

- EEV
- Refrigerant Filters
- Water connections with NPT thread Pipe Adaptors
- Pressure Gauge
- Hydrobox Controller (User Interface)

Piping Limitations

Some standard VRV- $IV\ X$ piping limitations are restricted when a Hydrobox is installed.

| Requirement (liquid line) | Maximum (ft) |
|---|--------------|
| Maximum total piping dis)tance (all liquid lines | 984 |
| Piping length from ODU to furthest IDU | 443 |
| Equivalent piping length between indoor unit and outdoor unit. | 525 |
| Maximum vertical height (when the ODU is installed below the IDU's) | 130 |
| Maximum vertical height (when the ODU is installed above the IDU's | 164 |

Water Side Requirements

- » Closed loop systems only
- » 45.5 PSI Maximum Allowable Working Pressure
- » The internal safety relief valve must be piped to a drain
- » No galvanized pipe
- » Minimum system water volume (Hydrobox and heat emitters not included: 5.3 gal.)
- » See IM for water quality requirements

Expansion Tank:

» Volume: 2.6 gal (10 liter)

» Factory Default Pre-pressure: 14.5 psi

| Install Height | Maximum (ft) | | | | | |
|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Difference* | ≤ 74 | > 74 | | | | |
| ≤ 23ft. | No pre-pressure adjustment is required. | Do the following: Decrease the pre-pressure. Check if the water volume does NOT exceed the maximum allowed water volume. | | | | |
| > 23ft | Do the following: Decrease the pre-pressure. Check if the water volume does NOT exceed the maximum allowed water volume. | The expansion vessel of the Hydrobox is too small for the installation. | | | | |

^{*} This is the height difference (m) between the highest point of the water circuit and the indoor unit. If the indoor unit is at the highest point of the installation, the installation height is 0 m.

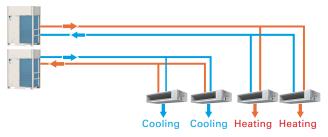


Heat Pump or Heat Recovery?

The Various Heat/Cool Changeover Options

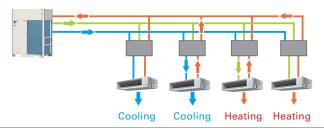
Heat Pump (HP)

- » The 2-pipe Heat Pump system is the equivalent of a 2-pipe chilled water system
- » A Heat Pump system provides the means of heating OR cooling at any given time
- » Multiple Heat Pump systems can be zoned and will work independently of each other
- » When demand is met by an indoor unit the unit will work on fan only or the fan will cycle on/off until demand returns or mode change occurs



Heat Recovery (HR)

- » The 3-pipe Heat Recovery system is the equivalent of a 4-pipe chilled water system
- » A Heat Recovery system has the ability to provide simultaneous heating AND cooling
- » When both heating and cooling occur simultaneously, system and building energy can be better utilized
- » When demand is met by an indoor unit the unit will work on fan only or the fan will cycle on/off until demand returns



Heat Pump or Heat Recovery?

Should I Use Heat Pump or Heat Recovery?

There are three main factors that dictate whether a HP or HR system should be selected. All these factors should be considered in each case to determine an appropriate selection:



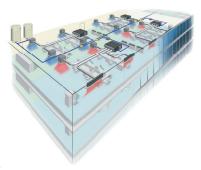
GEOGRAPHY

The location or the project will often dictate what type of system will be required. Projects in temperate climates tend to use Heat Recovery due to the changeable load demands that can occur through the course of a day. However areas with defined seasons or little demand for simultaneous heating or cooling throughout the year will usually utilize Heat Pump.

Heat Pump or Heat Recovery?

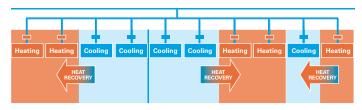
BUILDING LAYOUT

Sites with open plan areas and/or similar orientation will often be satisfied by a Heat Pump system, irrespective of geography. On the other hand, if the site has many aspects, individual rooms and/or heat loads, this may define the client requirement toward Heat Recovery. Differing internal room load demands may see the need for cooling for longer periods of the year.



OCCUPANCY

The type of end user will often trump any other consideration. Typically a multi-tenanted site will require a heat recovery system as the ability for individual mode control is paramount. Typical examples of this include hotels, assisted living, condos as well as offices. It is always important to establish from the outset if an office application is to have multiple tenants.



Ultimately there are many applications where the answer will be both Heat Pump AND Heat Recovery

Water-Cooled VRV - Geothermal

Air to air *VRV* systems make up the majority of *VRV* installations This is due to the following:

- » Ease of installation (no water system required)
- » Less initial capital costs

However Water-Cooled VRV can have certain advantages:

- » Greater energy efficiencies
- » Localized CU installation (reduced pipe runs)

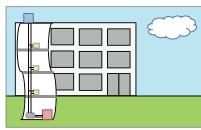
These advantages come in to play when the following are present:

- » An existing condenser water loop
- » Extreme ambient conditions
- » An ability & desire to utilize a local geothermal source



Heat Exchange

Water-Cooled VRV - Existing Water Loop



Boiler ~ Tower Water Loop

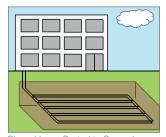
By utilizing an existing water loop in the building, the advantages of greater energy efficiency can be promoted without having to offset capital costs. In addition *VRV* Water-Cooled Series CUs are usually located locally to the area they are serving and will typically attach to the water loop already running through

the building. This negates the need to run copper piping through risers to a remote plant space (be aware that *VRV* Water-Cooled Series CUs are internal mounting units).

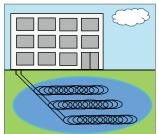
Water-Cooled VRV - Geothermal

A ground-source VRV heat pump system combines the advantages of both technologies into one system, making it one of the most efficient HVAC systems available and achieving savings over either GSHP or VRF on their own. The constant ambient conditions below ground also ensure that these savings are realized year round.

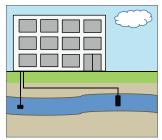
There are two main types of systems: closed loop and open loop. Closed loops bury water pipes either in solid ground or in a water source (like a pond or lake). An open loop draws from groundwater, like a well, and returns it back to source



Closed Loop Buried in Ground



Closed Loop in Surface Water



Open Loop using Ground Water

Water Cooled VRV - Design Criteria

Design Criteria:

Water loop design is the responsibility of the engineer. However, two facts are needed from Daikin:

The minimum & maximum entering water temperatures:

- » 50°F 113°F for Cooling
- » 23°F 113°F for Cooling on a Geothermal System*
- » 50°F 113°F for Heating
- » 14°F 95°F for Heating on a Geothermal System*

A suitable water flow rate:

- » 13.2 gpm to 39 gpm per module Boiler & Tower System
- » 21 gpm to 39 gpm per module with glycol use
- * (Be aware that conditions need to be met when EWT for heating is required below 50°F seek assistance for these applications)

Other consideration:

- » When VRV is to be applied with an open loop system, a 3rd party heat exchanger is required to ensure the plate heat exchanger of the VRV condensing unit operates in a closed loop system.
- » The VRV condensing units have a heat output into the adjacent mechanical room (see table). Where multiple units are placed in an enclosed area, any potential heat buildup must be addressed (either with adequate ventilation or even a fan coil unit). RWEQ_TA series units have the ability to configure the unit to reject this heat to the refrigerant circuit. See Installation manual for further details.
- » From the CU pipe connection to the fan coils, the equipment, controls & selection process is identical to Air-Cooled VRV.

| Module Model | Ventilation Load (BTU/hr) |
|-----------------|------------------------------|
| RWEYQ72PC | 2,200 |
| RWEYQ84PC | 2,450 |
| RWEQ96TA | 2,730 |
| RWEQ120TA | 3,412 |
| RWEQ144TA | 4,436 |



Water Cooled condensing units located in a mechanical room.



Solutions for Ventilation

Range & Limitations of our Ventilation Options

| CFM | 300 | 1000 | 1500 | 2000 | 2500 | 3000 | 5000 | 7500 | 10000+ | |
|----------------|-----|--|---|-----------------------|--------------------------------|------|--------|---|--------|--|
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Daikin | | FXMQ_MF 0A Processing | Unit 630 – 1230 | | | | | | | |
| Dai | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | KEQDCB/ nit w/DX VRV-4XB | | o ton) | IKIN THE STATE OF | | |
| | | | | AHU Only m options | | | | , , , | | |
| Daikin Applied | | | Vision AHU Only 900-100,000 cfm options | | | | | | | |
| Daikin / | | Rebel Rooftop (DOAS) 3-50 tons – 400 - 21,000 cfm | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | (D) | erick II R DAS) 15-1 500 - 23,0 | 75 ton | |

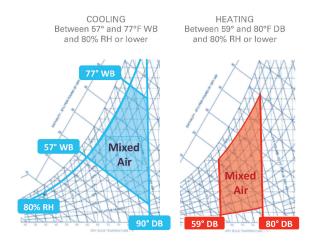
Solutions for Ventilation

Allowable Ventilation Air %

Typically Daikin equipment has been applied using a standard rule of thumb that a maximum of 20% OA can be incorporated into a ducted fan coil unit (FXMQ, FXSQ, FXDQ, FXTQ and FXNQ). However, this practice is not always applicable as this rule of thumb is based upon introducing OA at nominal conditions.

Basic Rules

- COOLING: Any percentage of OA can be used as long as the resulting mixed air is between 57 and 77°F WB and 80% RH or lower.
- HEATING: Any percentage of OA can be used as long as the resulting mixed air is between 59 and 80°F DB and 80% RH or lower.



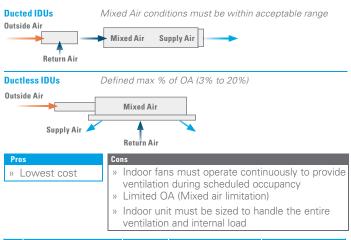
Note: Space temperature sensing should be done via the room zone controller or remote sensor kit if a "mixed air" approach is taken.

Direct Method

Untreated outside air is mixed with return air either in the return air ductwork or enters the VRVIDU directly

Application Consideration

- » IDU must be sized for both space and ventilation loads
- » IDU fan speed varies with the different modes, affecting the amount of entering OA. A fixed speed is available through a field setting.
- » OA should always be pre-filtered



| | Scope | Options | Entering Air Limits | Connection Ratio Limits |
|---------------|---|---|--|---|
| Direct Method | Untreated ventilation is supplied directly to the indoor unit Small projects where low CFM volumes are low CFM volumes are required Projects with budget constraints Suitable for mild climates | FXMQ FXDQ FXNQ FXTQ FXFQ* FXSQ* FXSQ FXSQ | Cooling 57°–77°F WB Heating 59° F – 80°F DB | Follow the standard VRV CU to IDU connection ratio limitation (See table on page 11) |

^{*}Consider Booster Fan and OA% Scope

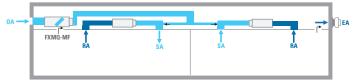
Integrated Method

The OA is conditioned by mechanical means before being supplied to the *VRV* indoor unit for distribution.

Application Consideration

» Allows the ventilation air unit (100% OA Unit, DOAS, HRV or ERV) to handle all or part of the OA load. The IDU is sized for the internal space load, and possibly part of the OA load.

Conditioned Outside air supplied to supply side of IDU



Pros

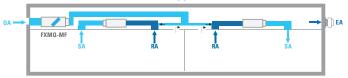
- » Less ductwork and diffuser
- » Opportunity for plenum condensation is reduced since OA is not introduced into IDU mix air plenum
- » IDU capacity is not de-rated since they are handling only warm return air

0

- » IDU fan must run constant
- » Difficult to balance

Integrated Method

Conditioned Outside air supplied to return side of IDU



Pros

» Less ductwork and diffusers

Cons

- » IDU Fan must run constant
- » Risk for condensation in the mixing plenum
- » Indoor Unit capacity de-rate due to cool mix air temp

| | Scope | Options | Entering Air Limits | | Connection Ratio Limit | | |
|---|---|--------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| | Pretreated ventilation | VAM | Cooling 122°F DB Heating 5°F DB | | Standard Connection Ratio Limits | | |
| | is supplied | FXMQ-MF | | Std Config: 90°F WB | **P | Std Config: 50-100% | |
| B | directly to the indoor unit 2. Small to medium applications 3. Suitable for | | Cooling | Enhanced Config: 78 (82*)°F WB | Dedicated** | Enhanced Config: 50-130% | |
| grated Metho | | | | Std Config: 23°F DB | ***pe | Std Config: 50-100% (FXMQ-MF <=30%) | |
| all climates 4. Allows for sharing load between ventilation system and VRV system | 4. Allows for sharing load between ventilation | | Heating | Enhanced Config: 59 (50*)°F DB | Combined*** | Enhanced Config: 50-130% (FXMQ-MF <=50%) | |
| | | EKEQDCBAVEUS | Cooling | 122°F DB / 89°F WB | | 90-110% | |
| | | Heating | 23°F DB | | 30-11076 | | |

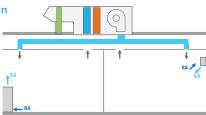
- * Warm Up/Pull Down Operation
- ** Dedicated FXMQ-MF unit(s) and VRV CU
- *** FXMQ-MF unit(s) combined with other Daikin IDU on a VRV CU system

Separate Method (Decoupled)

OA is supplied directly to the space being conditioned. A separate ventilation system using conventional technology and a Daikin *VRV* system can both be installed where the *VRV* system function is to maintain comfort.

Application Consideration

» Allows the DOAS to handle the entire OA oad. IDUs sized only for the internal space load.



Pros

- » Opportunity to cycle off the local IDU fan
- » Allows the OA unit to operate during unoccupied periods (for after hours humidity control or pre-occupancy purge)
- » Flexible layout
- » Can meet strict filtration requirement
- » Larger OA volume

Cons

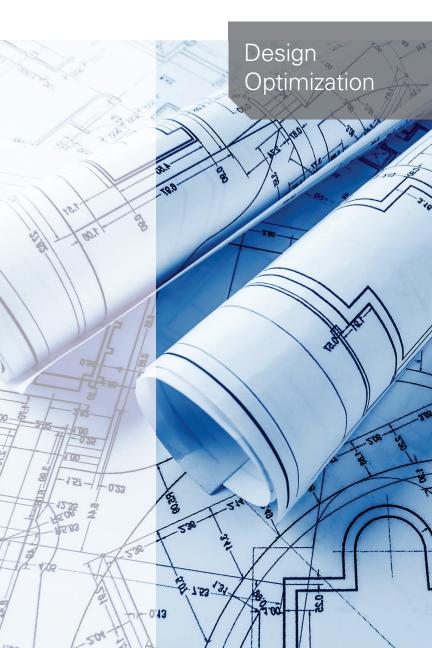
- » Requires installation of additional ductwork and separated diffuser
- » Many require multiple diffusers to ensure that OA is adequately dispersed through-out the zone

| | Scope | Options | Entering | g Air Limits | Connection Ratio Limits | |
|------------------|--|--|---|-----------------------|-------------------------|--|
| | Pretreated | EKEQDCBAVEUS | Cooling | 122°F DB / 89°F WB | Total DX: 50-105% | |
| 평 | ventilation directly to the | | Heating | 16°F DB | DX+ RH: 50- X%**** | |
| Meth | directly to the space 2. Suitable for all applications and climates 3. Allows for sharing load between ventilation system and VRV system 4. Most flexible layout | DVS | Cooling | 115°F DB | 50 – 120% (100%)*** | |
| oled) | | | Heating | 23°F DB** | 30 - 120% (100%) | |
| Separate (de-cou | | Destiny Vision Rebel Maverick | Select options based on manufacturer guidelines. Integrate controls where it makes sense. | | | |

^{** -20°}F with gas heat

^{***} Triple Module

^{****} X = 150% (single module), 140% (dual module), 130% (Triple module)

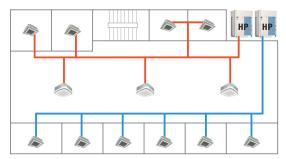


System Zoning

Guideline to Optimized Zoning of Systems

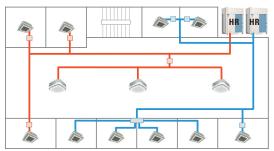
Typical Zoning of Heat Pump

When more than one system is required, it is good practice to zone units that are positioned on the same orientation or are subject to common load profiles. This maximizes the scope for correct heating/cooling demands to be met.



Typical Zoning of Heat Recovery

Conversely, with heat recovery it is better to ensure that units on different orientations are matched together. This ensures more potential for heat recovery to occur at any given time and thereby optimizing energy savings.

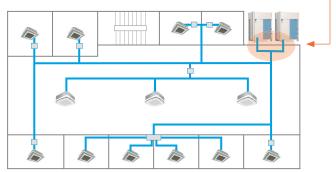


Note: Changing systems from HR to HP through the design process is not uncommon It does NOT affect initial indoor unit selection however re-zoning of fan coil units is may be required.

System Zoning

MULTIPLE MODULE Design

There are some advantages to linking *VRV* condensing units together: Less piping & total refrigerant needs and a greater likelihood of heat recovery to occur (on 3-pipe) due to increase in varying zones on the systems.

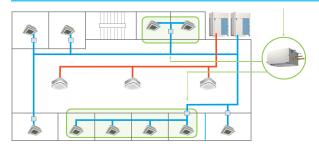


Note: This design option can be pushed back at design stage due to refrigerant limitations in small spaces, set by ASRAE Std 15.

The OPTIMIZED Design

It is important to avoid defining a project as a 'heat recovery job' or 'heat pump job'. There are often applications where a mixture of both types is the best design practice — and can reduce costs to the client.

In addition, Heat recovery does not always mean a branch selector PORT for each unit — even when those units are serving different rooms. The benefits of Heat Recovery can still be realized at a reduced cost



- » Heat Recovery (HR) systems require branch selector boxes to provide simultaneous heating and cooling zones
- » Daikin HR gives the project designer several options: Single-port (1), Multi-port (4 to 12 ports), and Flex Branch Selector box (4 to 8 ports)



BSQ36TVJ, BSQ60TVJ, & BSQ96TVJ Single Port

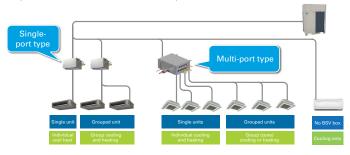


BS6Q54TVJ Mult-Port



Flex Branch Selector Box

- » On every type of box, each port performs the same function: To provide heating or cooling independent of every other unit linked to other other ports on the system
- » Any indoor units grouped together on a single port will operate in the same MODE (i.e., either heating OR cooling). However, each indoor unit will still operate independent of each other.
- » In the case of units on a single room controller this means each unit working to achieve set point on based on their own return air sensor
- » Where units are on their own room controller, they will be able to operate to their own individual set points.



Cooling Only Function

When a unit is linked to just the liquid & suction line (i.e., not connected to a port) it will operate as a cooling only unit. This feature is seen as an opportunity to use VRV to serve equipment/server rooms.

This is NOT a recommended application and advise the use of individual splits systems to perform this function. Contact your Daikin representative if you require further clarification on this recommendation.

Overview of BSQ Box Range & Features

| Connection Limitations | Model | Max Units per PORT | Max Capacity per PORT | Max Capacity per BOX |
|---------------------------------------|---------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| | | Single Port Bo | x | |
| 1 | BSQ36 | 4 | 36 MBH | 36 MBH |
| | BSQ60 | 8 | 60 MBH | 60 MBH |
| | BSQ96 | 8 | 96 MBH | 96 MBH |
| | | Multi Port Bo | x | |
| AN STATE | BS4Q54 | 5 | 54 MBH | 144 MBH |
| | BS10Q54 | 5 | 54 MBH | 290 MBH |
| 10 | BS12Q54 | 5 | 54 MBH | 290 MBH |
| | Fle. | x Branch Select | or Box | |
| A CHE | BSF4Q54 | 5 | 54 MBH | 144 MBH |
| - | BSF6Q54 | 5 | 54 MBH | 216 MBH (162)* |
| A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A | BSF8Q54 | 5 | 54 MBH | 290 MBH (162)* |

^{*} Maximum capacity per box when *Flex Branch Selector* boxes are installed in series

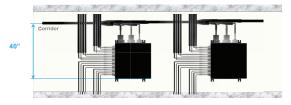
Flex Branch Selector Box Features

The Flex Branch Selector boxes (available as a 4, 6 and 8-port) has a number of features that set it apart from the other single & multi-port boxes available in the range

- » Flexible piping Left, Right and Pass Thru
- » Expandable design with the ability to connect multiple boxes in series
- » Compact Height of only 9 1/2"
- » No serve space requirement above the unit
- » Side access to EEV heads
- » Allows low ambient cooling down to -4°F1



Standard branch selector boxes



» Up to 12¹ ports can be connected in series. So for example, you can connect three 4-port boxes together, or have an 8-port and 4-port in series. You can have up 230Mbh¹ of capacity for BS Boxes connected in series.

Flex Branch Selector Boxes

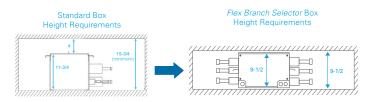


Flex Branch Selector Box Features

The new Flex Branch Selector boxes are equipped with side access panels to offer quick access to the EEVs for ease of maintenance and service.



Side access allows the unit to sit flush to the ceiling without the need for service space above the unit. This feature, combined with the reduced height of the unit, ensures a significant reduction in minimum void height demands.



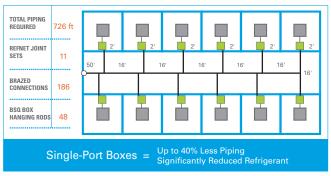
If any void space is restricted it is possible to detach the electrical box and locate it up to 2ft distance. The electrical box on the 4-Port unit can customized to fit on either side of the unit.



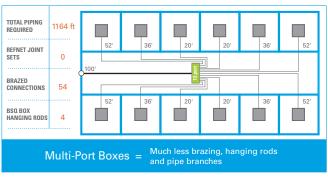
Single or Multi BSQ Boxes?

Optimized Selection of BSQ Boxes

- » HEAT RECOVERY systems using single BSQ boxes generally require much less piping & refrigerant than a multi-port box application.
- » In addition noise levels of single port boxes are a lot less this allows flexibility of location



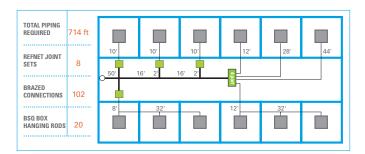
» HEAT RECOVERY systems using multi BSQ boxes will often demonstrate a reduction on installation costs





Single or Multi BSQ Boxes?

Optimized Selection of BSQ Boxes

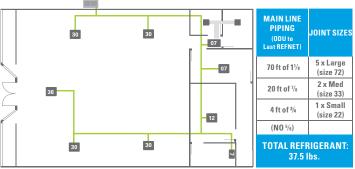


As shown in this scenario, being able to select single or multiple BSV boxes, in addition to zoning some units together on a single port, Daikin heat recovery allows the ultimate in flexibility, even on a single system.

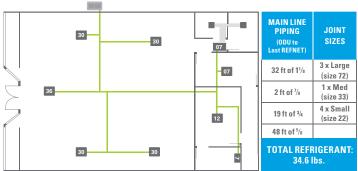


Optimized Pipe Routes

A factor not often considered before installation is establishing an optimum pipe route. This can be due to the limited choice of riser or outdoor unit location. However, establishing an optimum pipe route and order of unit attachment can realize significant reduction in pipe *REFNET* joint sizes, as well as refrigerant charge.



Example 1 - LINEAR PIPE ROUTE



Example 2 - BRANCHING PIPE ROUTE

Outdoor Unit Installation Space

Minimum Space Requirements

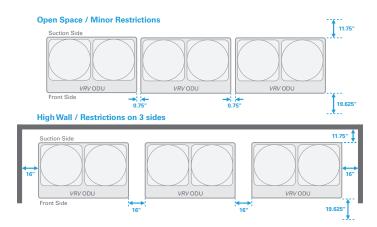
At concept stage one of the most common requirements, especially in built up areas, is to establish that there is space to fit the outdoor equipment. The 'decentralized' nature of *VRV* provides a great deal of flexibility however the multitude of service space combinations in the engineering book still do not cover fully the bespoke nature of project application. Therefore it is important to have a grasp of minimum space requirements.

The 3 criteria to overcome are: AIR STARVATION • SHORT CIRCUITING • SERVICE SPACE

There are two constants regardless of the application, system type or series:

- » VRV ODU's require a minimum of 11.75" (300mm) at the Rear (or air side) of the unit
- » VRV ODU's require a minimum of 19.625" (500mm) at the Front (or service side) of the unit

*Note: Local code may require a greater distance



Outdoor Unit Installation Space

Minimum Space Requirements

The complexity of design comes in to play when multiple units are to be installed into a restrictive area. The space between units in scenario 1 above are minimal and is only required to avoid any possible issues of vibration.

However when wall heights exceed those shown in the data book (as they usually do) rather than move units away from the wall, the better practice (if the space allows) is to move the units further apart from each other. The distance can vary according to a number of factors however 16" between units will cover most all scenario's.

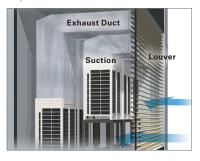
Therefore, a great rule of thumb to ensure that a space is suitable for VRV equipment is: 12" x 16" x 20"

Think of the service engineer!

- » The minimum service space (20") allows for the removal of a compressor however if rows of units are to be located in one area then place the units front to front and allow 40" between each row (24" air side to air side).
- » The minimum space between units of 0.75" can make removing the top plate awkward. If space allows, always leave at least 4" between units (although this is not a necessity).

Mechanical Rooms & Acoustic Enclosures

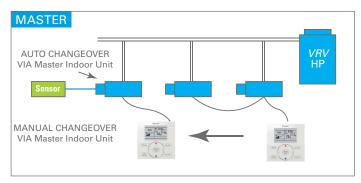
- » The same space rules apply in enclosed areas however the air side of a unit can be positioned closer than 12" to a louvered wall. Each unit has a maximum static pressure of 0.32"
- » Short circuiting and air starvation must also be addressed. This is specially so when units are to be situated behind acoustic louvers and when multiple units are to be positioned together in a single enclosure.



Heat Pump Changeover

The Various Heat/Cool Changeover Options

There are no less than six ways to provide heat/cool changeover on a heat pump system. Most of these also apply to heat recovery FCU's grouped on a single port of a BS Box (think of the BS box as a mini heat pump system).



Master Indoor Unit:

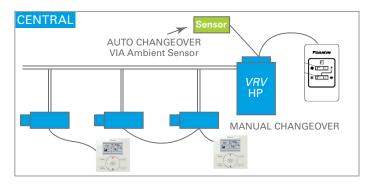
The simplest way to address heat / cool changeover automatically is to nominate a master unit. When the unit's return air sensor (or external temperature sensor) measures the space temperature outside the temperature Set-point for the current mode, it switches the ODU mode to the opposite mode and all other connected IDUs follow.

Similar to the option above except mode selection is made manually by via a designated master indoor unit. Again, all other units on the system then switch mode in unison

Note: A common pitfall is to elect an area that is not in constant use or has no easy access (e.g. managers office). If the unit isn't running then mode change is not possible without the intervention of some form of central control.

Heat Pump Changeover

The Various Heat/Cool Changeover Options

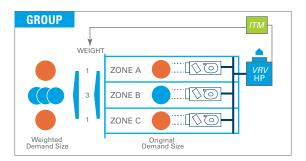


Summer / Winter Switch:

A Daikin supplied switch is attached to the "ABC" terminals on the condensor unit to allow manual changeover from a central location. This is commonly found on sites with facilities managers or multi-tenant sites such as hotels where heat pump was installed in an exclusively cooling region. The ABC terminals on the ODU can be use to control the system operation mode. Add in a 3rd party ambient sensor the cool/heat selector switch that tied the ABC terminal of the ODU will allow control of the system mod based upon ambient conditions.

Note: Both the central mode control options above are only utilized on heat pump systems.

Heat Pump Changeover



Averaging Changeover:

Takes an average of the room temperature and set-point of all connected indoor units. Uses the averaged values to determine the system operation mode.

Voting Changeover:

The most flexible auto change over is the voting changeover. Changeover operates by continually calculating the demand load of each room by measuring the temperature differential of the Set-point against the room temperature. Modes are regularly changed accordingly.

This method can be tailored on each application by 'weighting' the demand of a room based on it's importance. Note that this method can be used for units grouped together on a single port of a heat recovery system.

Note: Both "Fixed", "Averaging", and "Vote" changeover methods require a Daikin *i-Touch Manager* to operate.

In Summary:

With ALL changeover options, when a system mode is changed, the indoor units on the system are not forced into heating or cooling. If there is no demand in the room for the mode that has been selected, the unit(s) will be in thermo-off and the fan may or may not be running based upon the indoor unit configuration.







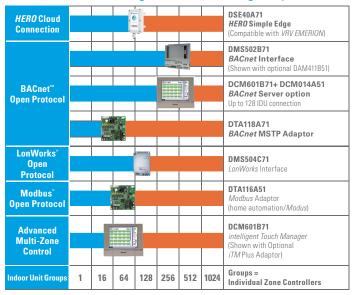
22 Floor Air- Cooled VRV / California



Controls Portfolio

Range of Zone and Centralized Controllers

Scalable controls offering to match a building's requirement



= Indicates that requirements can be met with the application of multiple devices

Controls Portfolio

Range of Zone and Centralized Controllers

Scalable controls offering to match a building's requirement

| | _ 7 | 2 | | | | | | DTST-ONE-ADA-A Daikin <i>One</i> + Smart Thermostat |
|----------------------------|-----|----------|----|-----|-----|-----|------|--|
| | | , 72 · | | | | | | BRC1H71W Daikin <i>Madoka</i> Room Controller |
| Individual Zone Control | 73 | | | | | | | BACRC-T-P01 BACRC-TH-P01 BACRC-THO-P01 BACRC-THOC-P01 Daikin Adaptive Touch Controller (ATC) |
| | | | | | | | | BRC1E73 Navigation Remote Controller |
| Individual | | ©KOM * | | | | | | AZAI6WSCDKA DKN Cloud Wi-Fi Adaptor |
| Wi-Fi Control | | Called . | | | | | | AZAI6WSPDKC DKN Plus Interface |
| Indoor Unit Groups | 1 | 16 | 64 | 128 | 256 | 512 | 1024 | Groups = Individual Zone Controllers |

= Indicates that requirements can be met with the application of multiple devices

Project requirements drive the controls selection process

| | | Daikin <i>VRV</i> Controls | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|----------------------------|--|---------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Project Requirements | | BRC1H71W Daikin Madoka Room Controller | 72 Daikin One+ Smart Thermostat | AZAI6WSCDKA DKN Cloud Wi-Fi Adaptor | AZAI6WSPDKC DKN Plus Interface | Daikin Adaptive Touch Controller (ATC) | | | | |
| Basic i | ndoor unit control | • | • | • | • | • | • | | | | |
| | Auto changeover with guard timer | • | • | • | • | • | • | | | | |
| | Set-point range limitation | • | • | • | | | • | | | | |
| | Independent Heating and Cooling Set-point | • | • | • | • | • | • | | | | |
| | Unoccupied Set-point (Setback control) | • | • | • | | | • | | | | |
| Advanced Control | Minimum Set-point differential | • | • | • | | | • | | | | |
| Adva | Individual fan speed for cooling and heating | • | • | • | | | | | | | |
| | Programmable schedule | • | | • | • | • | • | | | | |
| | Humidity control with humidity Set-point | | | •2 | | | •3 | | | | |
| | CO ₂ control with Set-point | | | | | | ●3 | | | | |
| | Configurable occupancy sensor logic | | | | | | •3 | | | | |
| 2 | Secondary heater control | •1 | •1 | • | •1 | • | • | | | | |
| ate at tro | Primary heater control | | | • | | | • | | | | |
| Auxiliary Heater Control | Emergency heater control | | | • | • | • | • | | | | |
| | Priority cooling logic | | | | | | • | | | | |
| 5 _ | Cloud API | | | | • | • | | | | | |
| rati | <i>BACnet</i> ™MS/TP | | | | | • | • | | | | |
| Integration Option | Modbus* | | | | • | • | | | | | |
| 트 | Third-party thermostat | | | | | • | | | | | |
| | Bluetooth® configuration app | | • | | • | • | | | | | |
| vity | Smartphone control through Wi-Fi | | | • | • | • | | | | | |
| Connectivity | Voice Control by Amazon Alexa and Google Assistant | | | • | • | • | | | | | |
| Ş | Dealer Web portal | | | • | | | | | | | |
| | Geo-fencing | | | • | | | | | | | |
| | Over-the-air (OTA) Software update | | | • | • | • | | | | | |

- With KRP1C74/KRP1C75 adaptor only
 Dehumidification with overcooling function
 Depends on controller model or external sensor connection

Project requirements drive the controls selection process (cont.)

| | Daikin <i>VRV</i> Controls | | | | | | | |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Project Requirements | intelligent Touch Manager | | | WAGO* | WAGO* BACnet™/IP Controller | HERO Simple Edge | | |
| | Basic | BACnet [™] Client Option | BACnet™ Server Option | | | | | |
| Independent Cool and Heat set-points | • | | • | | • | | | |
| Individual zone control with weekly programmable scheduling | • | | | | • | | | |
| Basic central point on/off control of all air handling units | • | | • | | • | | | |
| Advanced multi-zone control of small to medium size projects | • | • | • | • | • | | | |
| Advanced multi-zone control of large commercial projects | • | • | • | • | • | | | |
| Advanced multi-zone control with scheduling logic and calendar | • | | • | | • | | | |
| Automatic cooling/heating changeover for heat pump systems | • | | • | | • | | | |
| Single input batch shutdown of all connected air handlers | • | | • | | • | | | |
| Web browser control and monitoring via Intranet and Internet | • | | | | • | • | | |
| E-mail notification of system alarms and equipment malfunctions | • | | | | • | • | | |
| Multiple tenant power billing for shared condenser applications | • | | | | • | | | |
| Temperature set-point range restrictions | • | | • | | • | | | |
| Trend and plot (Current and past data) | • | | | | | • | | |
| Adjust outdoor unit field settings remotely | • | | | | | • | | |
| Multisite monitoring | • | | | | | • | | |
| Automated reports | • | | | | | • | | |

DAIKIN

Project requirements drive the controls selection process (cont.)

| | Daikin <i>VRV</i> Controls | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|-------------|--|--|
| Project Requirements | intelligent Touch Manager | | | WAGO° | WAGO° BACnet™/IP Controller | Simple Edge | | |
| | Basic | BACnet™ Client Option | BACnet™ Server Option | | | | | |
| Graphical user interface with floor plan layout | • | | | | • | | | |
| Start/Stop control of external equipment | • | • | | • | • | | | |
| Modulating control of External equipment | | • | | | • | | | |
| Custom programming for external equipment control | | | | | • | | | |
| Indoor and outdoor unit service data monitoring | • | • | • | | | | | |
| Outdoor units demand limit schedule | | | | | | • | | |
| Automated reports | | | | | | • | | |

[■] Native application or feature for this device. ■ Dependent upon controller programming

Project requirements drive the controls selection process (cont.)

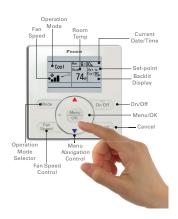
| | Daikin <i>VRV</i> Controls | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Project Requirements | BACnet [™] Interface | | LonWorks* Interface | Modbus [*] Adaptor | BACnet™ MSTP Adaptor | | | | |
| | Basic | With BMS Plug-in | | | | | | | |
| Independent Cool and Heat set-points | | • | | | | | | | |
| Individual zone control with weekly programmable scheduling | | | | | | | | | |
| Basic central point on/off control of all air handling units | • | • | • | • | • | | | | |
| Advanced multi-zone control of small to medium size projects | • | • | • | • | • | | | | |
| Advanced multi-zone control of large commercial projects | • | • | • | | | | | | |
| Advanced multi-zone control with scheduling logic and calendar | • | • | • | • | • | | | | |
| Automatic cooling/heating changeover for heat pump systems | • | • | • | • | • | | | | |
| Single input batch shutdown of all connected air handlers | • | | • | | | | | | |
| Web browser control and monitoring via Intranet and Internet | • | | • | • | • | | | | |
| E-mail notification of system alarms and equipment malfunctions | • | | • | • | | | | | |
| Multiple tenant power billing for shared condenser applications | | | | | | | | | |
| Temperature set-point range restrictions | • | • | • | • | • | | | | |
| Graphical user interface with floor plan layout | • | • | • | • | • | | | | |

[■] Native application or feature for this device. ■ Dependent upon capabilities of third party energy management system

Features & Benefits of the Room Controller

BRC1E73 - Navigation Room Controller

Daikin room controllers offer a vast array of features that provide the ultimate in flexibility and benefits that many other manufacturers' are unable to offer.



The controllers operate on the basis of last command priority.

In addition to the basic functions that meet the zone control requirement of all *VRV* indoor units, the *Navigation* Remote Controller will provide advanced control functions that historically require a central controller to administer:

- » 7 day Schedule
- » Temperature Limiting
- » Control Lockout
- » Dual set-points
- » Auto cool/heat changeover
- » Automatic adjustment for Daylight Saving Time (DST)
- » Temperature sensor with configurable offset

AZAI6WSCDKA – DKN Cloud Wi-Fi Adaptor

The DKN Cloud Wi-Fi Adaptor enables the control of the P1P2 indoor units through a iOS/Android smartphone app. The adaptor is used as a main or sub controller on the P1P2 bus, thus a BRC1E73 controller is not required to be used together with the Wi-Fi adaptor. The following functions are available on the smartphone app with this adaptor:

- » On/Off
- » Mode
- » Set-point
- » Fan speed
- » Room temperature
- » Error alert
- » Schedule
- » Leveled user authority
- » Louver control
- » Modbus integration





Features & Benefits of the Room Controller

BRC1H71W - Madoka Room Controller

Daikin is pleased to introduce the *Madoka* remote controller for the North American *VRV, SkyAir*, and Single and Multi-zone systems. The *Madoka* features a sleek and stylish design with an intuitive interface including touch button control. It retains advanced functions for indoor unit control. It can be commissioned and managed with ease through a Bluetooth® configuration app or via the onboard menus. The *Madoka* provides 3 configurable display modes: Text (default), Icon, and Scale to help meet project and occupant needs.



- » Easy commissioning and management with Bluetooth app
 - Leveled user authority for owner/administrator and installer
 - QR code (stored locally) required to access the installer menu to prevent unauthorized access
 - Settings can be saved and sent to multiple controllers
 - Set up multiple settings at once

- » Sleek and stylish design
- » Simple and intuitive interface with advanced function options
- » Selectable display mode:
 - Text mode, icon mode, and scale mode

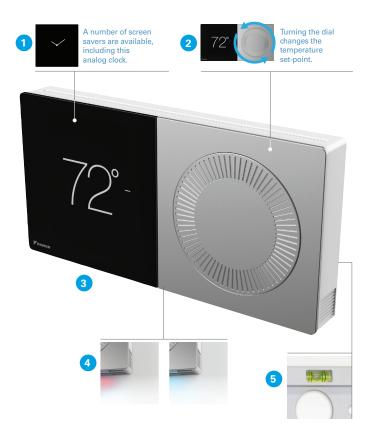
Features & Benefits of the Room Controller



The Daikin *One*+ smart thermostat is an intelligent home air controller from the world's leading heating, ventilating, and air conditioning (HVAC) manufacturer. It is a cloud-connected hub of sophistication, integrated for controlling temperature, humidity, and air quality.

Designed with quality components

- 1 The high-resolution color touch screen display is protected by the same toughened glass used in smart phones.
- 2 The anodized aluminum bezel and dial are precision manufactured. The surfaces have a fine bead blast with a warm hued anodized finish. The dial rotation is extraordinarily smooth because it rests on a bearing assembly typically found in precision instruments. A switch behind the dial enables users to return to the home screen from any menu with a single tap.
- 3 An integrated Wi-Fi radio connects to the internet (via a home router) to the cloud and onto the homeowner mobile application. The Daikin cloud will also seamlessly integrate with open smart home architectures, including *Amazon Alexa* and *Google Assistant*, enabling consumers to effortlessly use features such as voice control.
- 4 A thin LED light bar sits flush within the bottom surface and runs from edge to edge, delicately illuminating the wall beneath. Emitting a soft emotive glow, the light bar indicates the current system mode: red for heating, blue for cooling.
- 5 Built-in bubble level aids professional installation



Features & Benefits of the Room Controller

AZAIGWSPDKC - DKN Plus Interface

The DKN Plus Interface (AZAI6WSPDKC) enables the energy-efficient control of Daikin air conditioners by a third-party thermostat or an automation system. With this interface, third-party devices or systems can control the *VRV, SkyAir*, and Daikin Single/Multi-Zone indoor units through Cloud API, Modbus®, BACnet™ MS/TP, or thermostat relay contacts. This interface can be commissioned with ease through the DKN Cloud North America (NA) app via Bluetooth® Low Energy (BLE).





- » Versatile interface adaptor that can integrate with a third-party thermostat/BMS through multiple approaches:
 - Cloud API
 - Modbus
 - BACnet MS/TP
 - Backup thermostat G/Y/W (Fan/Cool/Heat) relay control through thermostat wire:
 - Automatically disables thermostat relay logic when cloud API connection detected
 - Advanced control logic to maximize indoor unit efficiency
- » Easy commissioning with the BLE configuration app (DKN Cloud NA app)

- » Indoor unit control and monitoring points*
 - On/Off
 - Set-point
 - Room temperature
 - Mode (Auto, Cool, Heat, Fan, Dry)
 - Fan speed
 - Louver position
 - Error code
 - Interlock control with indoor unit On/Off
- » Auxiliary Heater Control
 - Auxiliary heater controlled as a secondary heat source
- * Availability depends on indoor unit model



Features & Benefits of the Room Controller

Daikin Adaptive Touch Controller (ATC)

The Daikin Adaptive Touch Controller (ATC) is used to control VRV, SkyAir, Single and Multi-Zone systems (P1P2) with advanced and configurable control logic. The ATC comes in 4 different models with a builtin temperature sensor, humidity sensor, CO₂ sensor, and occupancy sensor. The ATC will also provide analog input, analog output, digital input, and digital output terminals to monitor auxiliary sensors and control auxiliary equipment. The built-in sensors can be combined with advanced logic to create actionable tasks based upon the sensor values. The ATC controller can be integrated with a compatible building management system (BMS) using BACnet™ MS/TP.

| Indoor Unit | Models | | | |
|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| BACRC-T-P01 | ATC with Temperature Sensor | | | |
| BACRC-TH-P01 | ATC with Temperature/ Humidity Sensor | | | |
| BACRC-THO-P01 | ATC with Temperature/Humidity/ Occupancy Sensor | | | |
| BACRC-THOC-P01 | ATC with Temperature/Humidity/ Occupancy/CO ₂ Sensor | | | |



BACRC-T-P01 BACRC-TH-P01



BACRC-THO-P01 BACRC-THOC-P01

Featured Controllers

DCM601A71 - intelligent Touch Manager

The intelligent Touch Manger (iTM) is an advanced multi-zone controller that controls and monitors Daikin VRV system.

- » Easy operation and configuration with LCD touch screen
- » Advanced control functions includes dual set-point, setback control, auto-changeover, set-point range limitation, weekly schedule with optimum start and etc.
- » Indoor unit, outdoor unit, connected BACnet™ Client points, and WAGO° I/O operation data is stored in the iTM every minute for the previous 5 days. The operation data can be accessed and downloaded through the iTM web access or USB output.
- » Web Access and Alert Emails
- » Tenant Billing with PPD Option
- » Monitor and controls DI, DO, AI, AO signals of external equipment with WAGO I/O kit







DCM002A71 – *iTM* Power Proportional Distribution (PPD) Option

With the PPD Option, energy consumption of the \it{VRV} system is proportionally calculated for each indoor unit.

DCM009A51 - iTM BACnet Client Option

The *iTM BACnet* Client Option enable the *iTM* to monitor and control external equipment through the *BACnet*/IP protocol.

- » Object Types: Al, AO, AV, DI, DO, DV, MSI, MSO, MSV
- » The operation data for indoor and outdoor unit BACnet Client points are available in the iTM every minute for the previous 5 days.
- » Applications: Integrate the *iTM* with sensors, lighting, pumps, fan, DOAS, and etc.



Featured Controllers

DCM014A51 – iTM BACnet™ Server Gateway Option

With *iTM BACnet* Server Gateway Option, Building Management Systems (BMS) can monitor and/or control *VRV* indoor and outdoor units units via the *BACnet*/IP protocol. This option provides seamless control logic integration between *iTM* and BMS.

- » BACnet virtual router function implemented to enable individual BACnet device ID for each indoor unit
- » Indoor unit and outdoor unit service data points are available to be monitored by BMS
- » iTM's advanced control functions including dual set-points, setback control, auto-changeover, set-point range limitation, and schedule can be accessed by the BMS
- » Supports Change of Value (COV) and foreign device registration

DMS502B71 - Interface for use in BACnet



Interface for use in *BACnet* is a hardware gateway solution that enables the BMS to monitor and control the *VRV* indoor units through *BACnet*/IP protocol.

To resolve the challenges of integrating the *VRV* systems, Daikin provides BMS Plug-ins to the integrators for easy integration with the *VRV* system. BMS Plug-ins are pre-programmed objects and graphics built for Niagara AX* specifically for Daikin *VRV*. By the use of free-of-cost BMS Plug-ins, the integrators work load could be reduced to as little as point linking.

DTA118A711 – DIII-NET/BACnet MSTP Communication Adaptor



The DIII-Net/BACnet MS/TP Communication Adaptor enables the connection of VRV systems to a compatible Building Management System (BMS). The adaptor operates as a BACnet router/gateway for the VRV system. With this adaptor, a third-party BMS can monitor the VRV indoor units

and outdoor units, as well as control the VRV indoor units through the BACnet MS/TP protocol. The adaptor can be mounted to the VRV outdoor or indoor unit.

Featured Controllers

DTA116A51 - DIII-Net/Modbus® Communication Adaptor



The DIII-Net/Modbus Communication adaptor can be used for Home automation system integration. With the adaptor, up to 16 indoor units can be controlled through Modbus/RTU.

DMS504C71 - Interface for use in LonWorks®



Interface for use in LonWorks is a hardware gateway solution that enables the BMS to monitor and control the VRV indoor units through LonWorks communication.

750-831 - WAGO® BACnet™/IP Controller



The WAGO BACnet/IP Controller is a programmable controller that connects the WAGO I/O system to the BACnet protocol. With the customizable programming provide by the Daikin Controls team, WAGO BACnet/IP controller can help fulfill most project control requirements for Daikin and third-party equipment control.

Daikin HERO Simple Edge



The Daikin *HERO* Simple Edge provides a connection of a Daikin *VRV* system to the *HERO* Cloud Services network for remote monitoring. The *HERO* Simple Edge is mounted onto the outdoor unit, and the built-in SIM card provides wireless connectivity. When integrated, data visualization of connected indoor and outdoor unit data and animated piping diagrams displaying operation status is provided. Daikin *HERO* Cloud Services also includes failure prediction for the compressors and sensors and refrigerant leak detection in the *VRV* system. In addition, *HERO* Cloud Services can help optimize the equipment operation based on outdoor ambient temperatures.

Codes & Standards

Some Key Considerations

| Category | Key Codes/ Standards | Situation for VRV |
|-------------------------------|---|--|
| Safety and Electrical | UL 1995 Nat'l Electric Code NFPA 90A, 90B ASHRAE Std 15 Canada: B52 | Daikin systems are UL 1995 certified. Install per NEC guidelines. Daikin systems comply via UL 1995. Std is applicable for APPLICATION, Not equipment. RcL not to exceed 26lbs/1000cuft (13lbs in restricted/institutional occupancies). |
| Efficiency & Performance | AHRI Std 1230 ASHRAE Std 90.1 ASHRAE Std 62 | Daikin VRV is tested and rated to AHRI Std 1230. Daikin VRV performance ratings meet or exceed ASHRAE Std 90.1 2019. Daikin VRV systems can be configured to satisfy ASHRAE Std 62 (Ventilation, IAQ) requirements. |
| Federal Trade Commission | Buy American Act Trade Agreements Act | U.S. DOE has issued waiver for Ductless and VRV products. All projects need to be confirmed through the Daikin legal dept. who can formally issue waiver notice and explanation for compliance purposes. |
| Installation & Application | Int'l Building Code Int'l Energy Conservation Code Int'l Mechanical Code | Wind Loads – Use tie down drawings Seismic – Use OSHPD certification Economizer – Use optional accessory Insulation – Select insulation based on normal refrigerant operating temperature range, usage and pipe diameter. Condensate – Units with Pump & Float Switch are OK. Ductless units no need for secondary pan if level sensor used. Ventilation – similar to ASHRAE Std 62. Refrigeration – fittings used must be UL 1995 which Daikin's are. |
| Local Code | Code Adoption Varies | Local Code can introduce additional considerations on top of the national codes so always confirm requirements. |

Where to find Official Information?

| Product Detail | | Design Guide | Eng. Data | IOM | Submittal | Option Handbook | SVM | Sales Bulletin |
|--------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|-----------|-----|-----------|--------------------|-----|-------------------|
| Features | Summary | • | • | | | | | • |
| Cuasification | Summary Table | | • | • | | | • | • |
| Specification | Electrical | | • | • | • | | • | |
| | Dimension | | • | | • | | • | |
| Drawings | Piping | | • | | • | | • | |
| | Wiring | | • | | | | • | |
| | Capacity Correction | | * | | * | | | |
| Performance | Piping | | • | | • | | | |
| | Airflow / ESP | | • | | • | | | |
| | Sound Level | | • | | • | | | |
| | Piping | | • | • | | | | |
| | Wiring | | • | • | | | | |
| Installation | Fundamentals | | • | • | | | | |
| | Sizing & Charging | | * | * | | | | |
| Onevetien | How to use | | | • | | | | |
| Operation | Controls | • | • | • | | | | • |
| Accession | Specification | | • | | | • | | • |
| Accessories | Installation | | | | | • | | • |
| Characteristics | Functions | • | | | | | • | |
| | Test Operation | | | • | | | • | |
| Set-up, Commissioning | Troubleshooting | | | | | | • | |
| & Service | Flow Charts | | | | | | • | |
| | Replace Procedure | | | | | | • | |

VRV Application — Document Portfolio

Further information for the application of VRV is available in form of Best Practice Guides. Hard copies are available and can also be obtained online via daikincity.com

Best Practice Guides



Outdoor Unit Layout Guide BPG-VRV4OD



Codes and Standards BPG-CS



Daikin Zoning Kit BPG-DZKAPP



Building Automation BPG-BAS



VRV Extreme Climates BPG-EXTAMB

Reference Guides



Water-Cooled VRV BPG-WTVR



OA Integration BPG-OAGUIDE



Single and Multi-Zone Systems Reference Guide PM-DCRG



VRV LIFE Reference Guide PM-DKLIFE

Regional training offered by Daikin Applications Engineering

Understanding the components and methods that create an optimized VRV design is key to continued success in the application of Daikin's flagship system. Application Engineering have developed a portfolio of Design Workshops (DWS) to support a wide range of products, topics and levels of experience with the VRV system.

What specific courses are available?

All courses listed below are currently available on request. Most are half day courses (unless indicated):

FOUNDATION LEVEL

VRV DESIGN WORKSHOP

This 2 day course is in high demand and is essential for anyone new to VRV design

VRV LIFE DWS

Created to assist installers designing this system for the residential market

OUTSIDE AIR INTEGRATION

ADVANCED LEVEL

2D FLOORPLAN ON WEBXPRESS

A live demonstration and practical application of the 2D Floorplan function on WEBXpress and its ability to integrate with AutoCAD

Understanding the various methods of outside air integration with VRV equipment WATER-COOLED

LCXPRESS SELECTION TOOL

A live demonstration and hands-on selection of Rooftop Packaged units plus an in-depth look at the various optional accessories available

All aspects of W-VRV and water loop integration to ensure optimized design

COLD CLIMATE

Covers all the methods of supplemental heating used with VRV in colder climates

AHU INTEGRATION

Correct application of the Daikin EEV/Control boxes created to integrate 3rd party AHU's onto VRV equipment

Who is eligible to attend?

The target audience is anyone involved in project design. This includes (but is not limited to) Daikin Manufacturer Representatives, Distributors, Dealers, Consulting Engineers and Installers.

These "in-house" courses are available regionally and run by Daikin Application Engineers. We will come to you! Consult your Daikin representative for availability or contact our team directly at applications.engineering@ daikincomfort.com

What is the method of training?

All courses are structured into four main components:

- » Training: Formal presentation covering the main topic and demonstration of the selection tool
- » **Design:** Participants design a project based on a given scenario
- » Presentation: Participants present their project design for review
- » Solution & Summary: Trainer provides optimized solution(s) and summarizes learning





About Daikin:

Daikin Industries, Ltd. (DIL) is a global Fortune 1000 company and is recognized as one of the largest HVAC (Heating, Ventilation, Air Conditioning) manufacturers in the world. Founded in 1924, Daikin is approaching 100 years of HVAC worldwide leadership. DIL is primarily engaged in developing indoor comfort systems and refrigeration products for residential, commercial, and industrial applications. Its consistent success is derived, in part, from a focus on innovative, energy-efficient, and premium quality indoor climate and comfort management solutions.





For Sales and Technical Support: 1-855-DAIKIN1

For additional information, visit: www.daikinac.com and/or www.daikincity.com





